

**Dynapack International Technology  
Corporation and Subsidiaries**

**Consolidated Financial Statements for the  
Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 and  
Independent Auditors' Report**

## **DECLARATION OF CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF AFFILIATES**

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of Dynapack International Technology Corporation as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, under the Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standard 10, “Consolidated Financial Statements.” In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, Dynapack International Technology Corporation and subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Very truly yours,

DYNAPACK INTERNATIONAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

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CHUNG TSUN-MING  
Chairman

March 5, 2024

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders  
Dynapack International Technology Corporation

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Dynapack International Technology Corporation (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information (collectively referred to as the “consolidated financial statements”).

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

#### Authenticity of Revenue from Specific Customers

The Group's products include battery packs for notebooks and tablet PCs. Since there is a significant change in the amount of revenue from specific customers compared with the previous year, we identified the authenticity of revenue from specific customers as a key audit matter.

The main audit procedures we performed were as follows:

1. We obtained an understanding of the design and implementation of internal controls and tested the operating effectiveness of revenue derived from specific customers.
2. We selected samples and tested such transaction documents related to revenue derived from specific customers, including sales orders and shipping documents.
3. We selected samples and tested such payment receipts related to revenue derived from specific customers and verified the authenticity of revenue.

#### **Other Matter**

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of Dynapack International Technology Corporation as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 on which we have issued an unmodified opinion.

#### **Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and IFRS, IAS, IFRIC, and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### **Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Ming-Yen Chien and Shih-Tsung Wu.

Deloitte & Touche  
Taipei, Taiwan  
Republic of China

March 5, 2024

Notice to Readers

*The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.*

*For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.*

# DYNAPACK INTERNATIONAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| ASSETS  | 2023                 |            | 2022                 |            |
|---|----------------------|------------|----------------------|------------|
|   | Amount               | %          | Amount               | %          |
| <b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>   |                      |            |                      |            |
| Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6)   | \$ 1,989,830         | 12         | \$ 3,057,536         | 18         |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4 and 7)       | 271,571              | 2          | 480,046              | 3          |
| Financial assets at amortized cost - current (Notes 4, 8 and 32)                      | 2,787,668            | 17         | 942,099              | 5          |
| Trade receivables from unrelated parties (Notes 4 and 9)                              | 4,057,970            | 25         | 5,020,094            | 29         |
| Other receivables (Note 4)  | 97,025               | 1          | 25,603               | -          |
| Inventories (Notes 4 and 10)  | 1,528,860            | 9          | 2,410,322            | 14         |
| Other current assets (Note 17)  | <u>136,081</u>       | <u>1</u>   | <u>129,095</u>       | <u>1</u>   |
| Total current assets  | <u>10,869,005</u>    | <u>67</u>  | <u>12,064,795</u>    | <u>70</u>  |
| <b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>   |                      |            |                      |            |
| Investments accounted for using the equity method (Notes 4 and 12)                    | 11,799               | -          | 12,779               | -          |
| Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4 and 13)  | 1,298,216            | 8          | 1,478,338            | 8          |
| Right-of-use assets (Notes 4 and 14)  | 338,231              | 2          | 267,090              | 1          |
| Investment properties (Notes 4 and 15)  | 3,360,942            | 21         | 3,062,533            | 18         |
| Intangible assets (Notes 4 and 16)  | 5,325                | -          | 12,477               | -          |
| Deferred tax assets (Notes 4 and 26)  | 225,711              | 1          | 251,806              | 1          |
| Net defined benefit assets - non-current (Notes 4 and 22)                             | 5,003                | -          | 3,542                | -          |
| Refundable deposits (Note 17)   | 74,656               | -          | 95,422               | 1          |
| Other non-current assets (Note 17)  | <u>99,206</u>        | <u>1</u>   | <u>105,233</u>       | <u>1</u>   |
| Total non-current assets  | <u>5,419,089</u>     | <u>33</u>  | <u>5,289,220</u>     | <u>30</u>  |
| <b>TOTAL</b>  | <u>\$ 16,288,094</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>\$ 17,354,015</u> | <u>100</u> |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>   |                      |            |                      |            |
| <b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>  |                      |            |                      |            |
| Short-term borrowings (Note 18)   | \$ 400,000           | 2          | \$ 750,000           | 4          |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4 and 7)  | 12,172               | -          | -                    | -          |
| Trade payables from unrelated parties (Note 19)                                       | 3,132,045            | 19         | 2,985,921            | 17         |
| Other payables (Note 21)  | 671,892              | 4          | 725,112              | 4          |
| Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 26)  | 238,181              | 2          | 203,951              | 1          |
| Provisions - current (Notes 4 and 20)   | 59,604               | -          | 64,896               | 1          |
| Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 14)  | 48,848               | -          | 43,370               | -          |
| Current portion of long-term borrowings (Note 18)                                     | 107,158              | 1          | 588,528              | 4          |
| Other current liabilities (Note 21)   | <u>280,935</u>       | <u>2</u>   | <u>187,094</u>       | <u>1</u>   |
| Total current liabilities   | <u>4,950,835</u>     | <u>30</u>  | <u>5,548,872</u>     | <u>32</u>  |
| <b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>  |                      |            |                      |            |
| Long-term borrowings (Note 18)  | 968,631              | 6          | 1,075,789            | 6          |
| Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 26)   | 1,012,057            | 6          | 1,173,502            | 7          |
| Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 14)                                      | 167,455              | 1          | 199,928              | 1          |
| Guarantee deposits received (Note 15)   | 789,160              | 5          | 789,160              | 5          |
| Other non-current liabilities (Note 21)   | <u>2,712</u>         | <u>-</u>   | <u>2,653</u>         | <u>-</u>   |
| Total non-current liabilities   | <u>2,940,015</u>     | <u>18</u>  | <u>3,241,032</u>     | <u>19</u>  |
| Total liabilities   | <u>7,890,850</u>     | <u>48</u>  | <u>8,789,904</u>     | <u>51</u>  |
| <b>EQUITY (Notes 4, 22, 23, 26 and 28)</b>  |                      |            |                      |            |
| Share capital   | 1,511,730            | 9          | 1,501,555            | 9          |
| Capital surplus   | 2,203,785            | 14         | 2,155,992            | 12         |
| Retained earnings   |                      |            |                      |            |
| Legal reserve   | 1,905,205            | 12         | 1,825,009            | 11         |
| Special reserve   | 293,742              | 2          | 545,350              | 3          |
| Unappropriated earnings   | 2,880,538            | 17         | 2,829,947            | 16         |
| Total retained earnings   | <u>5,079,485</u>     | <u>31</u>  | <u>5,200,306</u>     | <u>30</u>  |
| Other equity  |                      |            |                      |            |
| Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations | <u>(397,756)</u>     | <u>(2)</u> | <u>(293,742)</u>     | <u>(2)</u> |
| Total equity  | <u>8,397,244</u>     | <u>52</u>  | <u>8,564,111</u>     | <u>49</u>  |
| <b>TOTAL</b>  | <u>\$ 16,288,094</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>\$ 17,354,015</u> | <u>100</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

# DYNAPACK INTERNATIONAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

|   | 2023              |              | 2022              |             |
|---|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------|
|   | Amount            | %            | Amount            | %           |
| OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 4, 24 and 35)  |                   |              |                   |             |
| Net sales revenue   | \$ 17,230,428     | 100.0        | \$ 19,072,027     | 100.0       |
| OPERATING COSTS (Notes 4, 10, 13, 14, 16, 22, 25 and 28)                        |                   |              |                   |             |
| Cost of goods sold  | <u>15,712,845</u> | <u>91.2</u>  | <u>17,374,522</u> | <u>91.1</u> |
| GROSS PROFIT  | <u>1,517,583</u>  | <u>8.8</u>   | <u>1,697,505</u>  | <u>8.9</u>  |
| OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 4, 9, 13, 14, 16, 22, 25 and 28)                      |                   |              |                   |             |
| Selling and marketing expenses  | 122,509           | 0.7          | 111,003           | 0.6         |
| General and administrative expenses   | 330,938           | 1.9          | 316,420           | 1.6         |
| Research and development expenses   | 374,163           | 2.2          | 400,456           | 2.1         |
| Expected credit gain  | <u>(8,844)</u>    | <u>(0.1)</u> | <u>(1,005)</u>    | <u>-</u>    |
| Total operating expenses  | <u>818,766</u>    | <u>4.7</u>   | <u>826,874</u>    | <u>4.3</u>  |
| PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS  | <u>698,817</u>    | <u>4.1</u>   | <u>870,631</u>    | <u>4.6</u>  |
| NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Notes 4, 7, 12, 25 and 33)                   |                   |              |                   |             |
| Interest income   | 235,253           | 1.4          | 62,269            | 0.3         |
| Dividend income   | 4,930             | -            | 5,319             | -           |
| Other income  | 40,725            | 0.2          | 61,909            | 0.3         |
| Net (loss) gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment                    | (3,028)           | -            | 593               | -           |
| Net gain on disposal of investments   | -                 | -            | 142,581           | 0.8         |
| Net foreign exchange gain   | 145,011           | 0.8          | 55,847            | 0.3         |
| Net loss on financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss | (4,000)           | -            | (23,179)          | (0.1)       |
| Miscellaneous disbursements   | (5,961)           | -            | (2,051)           | -           |
| Finance costs   | (33,869)          | (0.2)        | (32,523)          | (0.2)       |
| Share of loss of associates accounted for using the equity method               | <u>(980)</u>      | <u>-</u>     | <u>(938)</u>      | <u>-</u>    |
| Total non-operating income  | <u>378,081</u>    | <u>2.2</u>   | <u>269,827</u>    | <u>1.4</u>  |

(Continued)



# DYNAPACK INTERNATIONAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

|   | 2023              |              | 2022                |              |
|---|-------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|
|   | Amount            | %            | Amount              | %            |
| PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX  | \$ 1,076,898      | 6.3          | \$ 1,140,458        | 6.0          |
| INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 26)   | <u>(288,958)</u>  | <u>(1.7)</u> | <u>(343,042)</u>    | <u>(1.8)</u> |
| NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR   | <u>787,940</u>    | <u>4.6</u>   | <u>797,416</u>      | <u>4.2</u>   |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) (Notes 4, 22, 23 and 26)                            |                   |              |                     |              |
| Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:                   |                   |              |                     |              |
| Remeasurement of defined benefit plans  | <u>727</u>        | <u>-</u>     | <u>4,540</u>        | <u>-</u>     |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:                        |                   |              |                     |              |
| Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations | (130,018)         | (0.8)        | 314,510             | 1.6          |
| Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss  | <u>26,004</u>     | <u>0.2</u>   | <u>(62,902)</u>     | <u>(0.3)</u> |
|   | <u>(104,014)</u>  | <u>(0.6)</u> | <u>251,608</u>      | <u>1.3</u>   |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of income tax                     | <u>(103,287)</u>  | <u>(0.6)</u> | <u>256,148</u>      | <u>1.3</u>   |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR   | <u>\$ 684,653</u> | <u>4.0</u>   | <u>\$ 1,053,564</u> | <u>5.5</u>   |
| EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 27)  |                   |              |                     |              |
| Basic   | <u>\$ 5.23</u>    |              | <u>\$ 5.33</u>      |              |
| Diluted   | <u>\$ 5.18</u>    |              | <u>\$ 5.26</u>      |              |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

**DYNAPACK INTERNATIONAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022  
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

|  | Capital (Note 23)        |                  |                                    |              | Capital Surplus<br>(Notes 4, 23<br>and 28) | Retained Earnings (Note 22 and 23) |                 |                            |              | Other Equity<br>(Notes 4, 23<br>and 26)<br>Exchange<br>Differences on<br>Translating of<br>the Financial<br>Statements of<br>Foreign<br>Operations | Total Equity |
|--|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|--|------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------|--|--------------|
|  | Shares (In<br>Thousands) | Share<br>Capital | Capital<br>Collected in<br>Advance | Total        |  | Legal Reserve                      | Special Reserve | Unappropriated<br>Earnings | Total        |  |              |
| BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2022   | 149,219                  | \$ 1,492,185     | \$ 160                             | \$ 1,492,345 | \$ 2,105,416                               | \$ 1,493,942                       | \$ 454,161      | \$ 4,698,589               | \$ 6,646,692 | \$ (545,350)   | \$ 9,699,103 |
| Appropriation of 2021 earnings   |                          |                  |                                    |              |  |                                    |                 |                            |              |  |              |
| Legal reserve  | -                        | -                | -                                  | -            | -  | 331,067                            | -               | (331,067)                  | -            | -  | -            |
| Special reserve  | -                        | -                | -                                  | -            | -  | -                                  | 91,189          | (91,189)                   | -            | -  | -            |
| Cash dividends distributed by the Company  | -                        | -                | -                                  | -            | -  | -                                  | -               | (2,248,342)                | (2,248,342)  | -  | (2,248,342)  |
| Compensation cost of employee share options  | -                        | -                | -                                  | -            | 12,138                                     | -                                  | -               | -                          | -            | -  | 12,138       |
| Share-based payment transaction  | 937                      | 9,370            | (160)                              | 9,210        | 38,438                                     | -                                  | -               | -                          | -            | -  | 47,648       |
| Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2022  | -                        | -                | -                                  | -            | -  | -                                  | -               | 797,416                    | 797,416      | -  | 797,416      |
| Other comprehensive income for the year ended<br>December 31, 2022, net of income tax        | -                        | -                | -                                  | -            | -  | -                                  | -               | 4,540                      | 4,540        | 251,608  | 256,148      |
| Total comprehensive income for the year ended<br>December 31, 2022                           | -                        | -                | -                                  | -            | -  | -                                  | -               | 801,956                    | 801,956      | 251,608  | 1,053,564    |
| BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2022   | 150,156                  | 1,501,555        | -                                  | 1,501,555    | 2,155,992                                  | 1,825,009                          | 545,350         | 2,829,947                  | 5,200,306    | (293,742)  | 8,564,111    |
| Appropriation of 2022 earnings   |                          |                  |                                    |              |  |                                    |                 |                            |              |  |              |
| Legal reserve  | -                        | -                | -                                  | -            | -  | 80,196                             | -               | (80,196)                   | -            | -  | -            |
| Special reserve  | -                        | -                | -                                  | -            | -  | -                                  | (251,608)       | 251,608                    | -            | -  | -            |
| Cash dividends distributed by the Company  | -                        | -                | -                                  | -            | -  | -                                  | -               | (909,488)                  | (909,488)    | -  | (909,488)    |
| Compensation cost of employee share options  | -                        | -                | -                                  | -            | 7,542                                      | -                                  | -               | -                          | -            | -  | 7,542        |
| Share-based payment transaction  | 1,017                    | 10,175           | -                                  | 10,175       | 40,251                                     | -                                  | -               | -                          | -            | -  | 50,426       |
| Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2023  | -                        | -                | -                                  | -            | -  | -                                  | -               | 787,940                    | 787,940      | -  | 787,940      |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended<br>December 31, 2023, net of income tax | -                        | -                | -                                  | -            | -  | -                                  | -               | 727                        | 727          | (104,014)  | (103,287)    |
| Total comprehensive income for the year ended<br>December 31, 2023                           | -                        | -                | -                                  | -            | -  | -                                  | -               | 788,667                    | 788,667      | (104,014)  | 684,653      |
| BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2023   | 151,173                  | \$ 1,511,730     | \$ -                               | \$ 1,511,730 | \$ 2,203,785                               | \$ 1,905,205                       | \$ 293,742      | \$ 2,880,538               | \$ 5,079,485 | \$ (397,756)   | \$ 8,397,244 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

# DYNAPACK INTERNATIONAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

|   | 2023             | 2022           |
|---|------------------|----------------|
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>                                       |                  |                |
| Profit before income tax  | \$ 1,076,898     | \$ 1,140,458   |
| Adjustments for:  |                  |                |
| Depreciation expense  | 285,891          | 302,408        |
| Amortization expense  | 25,807           | 23,977         |
| Expected credit gain  | (8,844)          | (1,005)        |
| Net loss on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | 51,380           | 23,413         |
| Finance costs   | 33,869           | 32,523         |
| Interest income   | (235,253)        | (62,269)       |
| Dividend income   | (4,930)          | (5,319)        |
| Compensation cost of employee share options                                       | 7,542            | 12,138         |
| Share of loss of associates accounted for using the equity method                 | 980              | 938            |
| Loss (Gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment                          | 3,028            | (593)          |
| Inventory write-downs (reversed)  | (151,933)        | 74,071         |
| Profit from lease modification  | (12,289)         | -              |
| Reversal of provisions  | (5,292)          | (4,606)        |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities                                       |                  |                |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current                   | 142,631          | (264,161)      |
| Trade receivables from unrelated parties  | 971,614          | 129,945        |
| Other receivables   | (1,226)          | 122,093        |
| Inventories   | 1,036,603        | 459,282        |
| Other current assets  | (21,951)         | 10,501         |
| Trade payables from unrelated parties   | 146,124          | (452,219)      |
| Other payables  | (17,811)         | (234,179)      |
| Provisions  | -                | (2,621)        |
| Other current liabilities   | 93,841           | (8,832)        |
| Net defined benefit assets and liabilities - non-current                          | (734)            | (652)          |
| Other non-current liabilities   | 59               | (344)          |
| Cash generated from operations  | 3,416,004        | 1,294,947      |
| Interest received   | 183,331          | 55,968         |
| Income tax paid   | (365,685)        | (380,544)      |
| Net cash generated from operating activities                                      | <u>3,233,650</u> | <u>970,371</u> |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>                                       |                  |                |
| Purchase of financial assets at amortized cost                                    | (7,915,282)      | (4,907,067)    |
| Proceeds from sale of financial assets at amortized cost                          | 6,022,451        | 6,989,807      |
| Payments for property, plant and equipment  | (116,683)        | (159,892)      |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment                           | 1,107            | 1,671          |
| Increase in refundable deposits   | (7,334)          | (1,850)        |
| Decrease in refundable deposits   | 28,100           | 28,970         |
| Payments for intangible assets  | (2,226)          | (15,131)       |
|   |                  | (Continued)    |

# DYNAPACK INTERNATIONAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

|  | 2023                | 2022                |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| Payments for right-of-use assets                                 | \$ (74,841)         | \$ -                |
| Payments for investment properties                               | (298,409)           | (292,395)           |
| Increase in other non-current assets                             | (12,270)            | (23,608)            |
| Dividends received   | <u>4,930</u>        | <u>5,319</u>        |
| Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities           | <u>(2,370,457)</u>  | <u>1,625,824</u>    |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>                      |                     |                     |
| Proceeds from short-term borrowings                              | 540,000             | 7,704,654           |
| Repayments of short-term borrowings                              | (890,000)           | (10,461,438)        |
| Proceeds from long-term borrowings                               | 2,450,000           | 4,502,920           |
| Repayments of long-term borrowings                               | (3,038,528)         | (4,200,000)         |
| Proceeds from guarantee deposits received                        | -                   | 263,050             |
| Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities          | (45,321)            | (43,288)            |
| Cash dividends distributed                                       | (909,488)           | (2,248,342)         |
| Proceeds from employee share options                             | 50,426              | 47,648              |
| Interest paid  | <u>(33,913)</u>     | <u>(32,108)</u>     |
| Net cash used in financing activities                            | <u>(1,876,824)</u>  | <u>(4,466,904)</u>  |
| EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH<br>EQUIVALENTS | <u>(54,075)</u>     | <u>454,313</u>      |
| NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS                        | (1,067,706)         | (1,416,396)         |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE<br>YEAR        | <u>3,057,536</u>    | <u>4,473,932</u>    |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR                 | <u>\$ 1,989,830</u> | <u>\$ 3,057,536</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

# DYNAPACK INTERNATIONAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

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### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Dynapack International Technology Corporation (the “Company”) was incorporated in the Republic of China (ROC) on July 15, 1998. The Company mainly manufactures and sells lithium-ion battery packs.

The Company’s shares have been listed on the Taipei Exchange (TPEX) since November 8, 2004.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in the Company’s functional currency, the New Taiwan dollar.

### 2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Company’s board of directors on March 5, 2024.

### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

- a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the “IFRS Accounting Standards”) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

The initial application of the IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have material impact on the Group’s accounting policies.

- b. The IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed by the FSC for application starting from 2024

| <u>New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations</u>                 | <u>Effective Date<br/>Announced by IASB (Note 1)</u> |
|---|--|
| Amendments to IFRS 16 “Leases Liability in a Sale and Leaseback”              | January 1, 2024 (Note 2)                             |
| Amendments to IAS 1 “Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current” | January 1, 2024                                      |
| Amendments to IAS 1 “Non-current Liabilities with Covenants”                  | January 1, 2024                                      |
| Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 “Supplier Finance Arrangements”                | January 1, 2024 (Note 3)                             |

Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRS Accounting Standards will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

Note 2: A seller-lessee shall apply the Amendments to IFRS 16 retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of IFRS 16.

Note 3: Upon initial application of the amendment, the amendments provide some transition relief regarding disclosure requirements.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group has assessed that the application of other standards and interpretations will not have a material impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

- c. The IFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

| <b><u>New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations</u></b>   | <b><u>Effective Date<br/>Announced by IASB (Note 1)</u></b> |
|--|---|
| Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture" | To be determined by IASB                                    |
| IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"  | January 1, 2023   |
| Amendments to IFRS 17  | January 1, 2023   |
| Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 9 and IFRS 17 - Comparative Information"                              | January 1, 2023   |
| Amendments to IAS 21 "Lack of Exchangeability"   | January 1, 2025 (Note 2)                                    |

Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRS Accounting Standards are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

Note 2: An entity shall apply those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. Upon initial application of the amendments, the entity recognizes any effect as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings. When the entity uses a presentation currency other than its functional currency, it shall, at the date of initial application, recognize any effect as an adjustment to the cumulative amount of translation differences in equity.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact of the application of other standards and interpretations on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

#### **4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION**

- a. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.

- b. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are measured at fair value and net defined benefit assets which are measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets.

The fair value measurements, which are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and based on the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) on the measurement date in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and

3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

c. Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

Current assets include:

- 1) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Cash and cash equivalents unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include:

- 1) Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Liabilities due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period, even if an agreement to refinance, or to reschedule payments, on a long-term basis is completed after the reporting period and before the consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue; and
- 3) Liabilities for which the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as non-current.

d. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company (i.e., its subsidiaries).

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

See Note 11, Tables 5 and 6 for detailed information on subsidiaries (including percentages of ownership and main businesses).

e. Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (i.e., foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences on monetary items arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value is determined. Exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income; in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary item denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost is stated at the reporting currency as originally translated from the foreign currency.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the financial statements of the Group (including subsidiaries in other countries) that are prepared using functional currencies which are different from the currency of the Company are translated into the presentation currency, the New Taiwan dollar, as follows: Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period; and income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. The resulting currency translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

f. Inventories

Inventories consist of raw materials, supplies, finished goods and merchandise inventories and are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made by item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recorded at the weighted-average cost.

At the end of the period, the inventory obsolescence losses are assessed based on the actual inventory status.

g. Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture.

The Group uses the equity method to account for its investments in associates. Under the equity method, investments in an associate are initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. The Group also recognizes the changes in the Group's share of the equity of associates.

The entire carrying amount of an investment is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

h. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction are measured at cost less any recognized impairment loss. Such assets are depreciated and classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for their intended use.

The depreciation of property, plant and equipment is recognized using the straight-line method within useful lives. Each significant part is depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effects of any changes in the estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.



i. Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rental and/or for capital appreciation. Investment properties also include properties held for a currently undetermined future use.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Depreciation is recognized using the straight-line method.

Investment properties under construction are measured at cost less accumulated impairment loss. Depreciation of these assets commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

On derecognition of an investment property, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

j. Intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives, residual values, and amortization methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in the estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an intangible asset, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

k. Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets and investment properties and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets and investment properties and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Corporate assets are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units on a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount, with the resulting impairment loss recognized in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the corresponding asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized on the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

l. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

## 1) Financial assets

All regular transactions of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

### a) Measurement categories

Financial assets held by the Group are classified into the following categories: Financial assets at FVTPL and financial assets at amortized cost.

#### i. Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when such financial assets are mandatorily classified as at FVTPL. Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL include investments in equity instruments which are not designated as at FVTOCI and debt instruments that do not meet the amortized cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value, and any dividends or interest earned on such financial assets are recognized in other income; any remeasurement gains or losses on such financial assets are recognized in other gains or losses. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 30: Financial Instruments.

#### ii. Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- i) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost, including cash and cash equivalents, and trade receivables are measured at amortized cost, which equals the gross carrying amount determined using the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of such a financial asset, except for:

- i) Purchased or originated credit impaired financial assets, for which interest income is calculated by applying the credit adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets; and
- ii) Financial assets that are not credit impaired on purchase or origination but have subsequently become credit impaired, for which interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets in subsequent reporting periods.

A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more of the following events have occurred:

- i) Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- ii) Breach of contract, such as a default;
- iii) It is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or undergo a financial reorganization; or
- iv) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Cash equivalents include time deposits with original maturities within 3 months from the date of acquisition, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

b) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost (including trade receivables).

The Group always recognizes lifetime Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) for trade receivables. For all other financial instruments, the Group recognizes lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Lifetime ECLs represent the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represent the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

For internal credit risk management purposes, the Group considers the following situations as indication that a financial asset is in default (without taking into account any collateral held by the Group):

- i. Internal or external information shows that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors.
- ii. When a financial asset is more than 12 months past due unless the Group has reasonable and corroborative information to support a more lagged default criterion.

The impairment loss of all financial assets is recognized in profit or loss by a reduction in their carrying amounts through a loss allowance account.

c) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss.

## 2) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

## 3) Financial liabilities

### a) Subsequent measurement

Except financial liabilities at FVTPL, all financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL, which are held for trading, are stated at fair value, and any gains or losses on such financial liabilities are recognized in other gains or losses; any remeasurement gains or losses on such financial liabilities are recognized in other gains or losses.

Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 30.

### b) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

## 4) Derivative financial instruments

The Group enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, which mainly include cross-currency swap contracts.

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value at the date on which the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately. When the fair value of a derivative financial instrument is positive, the derivative is recognized as a financial asset; when the fair value of a derivative financial instrument is negative, the derivative is recognized as a financial liability.

Derivatives embedded in hybrid contracts that contain financial asset hosts that is within the scope of IFRS 9 are not separated; instead, the classification is determined in accordance with the entire hybrid contract. Derivatives embedded in non-derivative host contracts that are not financial assets within the scope of IFRS 9 (e.g., financial liabilities) are treated as separate derivatives when they meet the definition of a derivative; their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts; and the host contracts are not measured at FVTPL.

## m. Provisions

Provisions, if the time value of money has a significant impact, are measured at the best estimate of the discounted cash flows of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

### Warranties

Provisions for the expected cost of warranty obligations in sales contracts are recognized at the date of sale of the relevant products at the best estimate by the management of the Company of the expenditure required to settle the Group's obligation.

n. Revenue recognition

The Group identifies contracts with customers, allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

Revenue from the sale of goods

The revenue of the Group from the sale of goods mainly comes from sales of lithium-ion battery packs. Revenue are recognized when the goods are shipped or when the customers pick up the goods from a specific location because it is the time when the customer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, has the primary responsibility for sales to future customers and bears the risks of obsolescence. Trade receivables are recognized concurrently.

The Group does not recognize revenue on materials delivered to subcontractors because this delivery does not involve a transfer of control.

o. Leases

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease.

1) The Group as lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of a lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Lease payments (less any lease incentives payable) from operating leases are recognized as income on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining operating leases are added to the carrying amounts of the underlying assets and recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

2) The Group as lessee

The Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of a lease, except for short-term leases and low-value asset leases accounted for by applying a recognition exemption where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets, and less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments, which comprise fixed payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in a lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate will be used.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in a lease term, the Group remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use-assets. However, if the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets is reduced to zero, any remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

For sale and leaseback transactions, if the transfer of an asset satisfies the requirements of IFRS 15 to be accounted for as a sale, the Group recognizes only the amount of any gain or loss which relates to the rights transferred to the buyer-lessor, and adjusts the off-market terms to measure the sale proceeds at fair value. If the transfer does not satisfy the requirements of IFRS 15 to be accounted for as a sale, it is accounted for as a financing transaction.

p. Employee benefits

1) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related services.

2) Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as expenses when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Service cost and net interest on the net defined benefit liability are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which it occurs. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liability represents the actual deficit in the Group's defined benefit plan. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

3) Other long-term employee benefits

Other long-term employee benefits are accounted for in the same way as the accounting required for defined benefit plans except that remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss.

q. Share-based payment arrangements

Employee share options granted to employees

The fair value at the grant date of the employee share options is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's best estimates of the number of shares or options that are expected to ultimately vest, with a corresponding increase in capital surplus - employee share options.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of employee share options that are expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates is recognized in profit or loss such that the cumulative expenses reflect the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to capital surplus - employee share options.

r. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

1) Current tax

Income tax payable is based on taxable profit for the year determined according to the applicable tax laws of each tax jurisdiction.

According to the Income Tax Act in the ROC, an additional tax on unappropriated earnings is provided for in the year the shareholders approve to retain earnings.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

2) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and such temporary differences are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3) Current and deferred taxes

Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity; in which case, the current and deferred taxes are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

## 5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimations, and assumptions on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revisions affect only that period or in the period of the revisions and future periods if the revisions affect both current and future periods.

There are no material accounting judgments and estimation uncertainty in the assessment of the Group's.

## 6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

|   | <u>December 31</u>  |                     |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
|   | <b>2023</b>         | <b>2022</b>         |
| Cash on hand  | \$ 747              | \$ 738              |
| Checking accounts and demand deposits                     | 1,431,206           | 1,414,539           |
| Cash equivalents  |                     |                     |
| Time deposits with original maturities less than 3 months | <u>557,877</u>      | <u>1,642,259</u>    |
|   | <u>\$ 1,989,830</u> | <u>\$ 3,057,536</u> |

The ranges of interest rates for bank deposits at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

|               | <u>December 31</u> |             |
|---------------|--------------------|-------------|
|               | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b> |
| Bank deposits | 0.05%-5.64%        | 0.05%-5.00% |

## 7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

|  | <u>December 31</u> |                   |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|
|  | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b>       |
| <u>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) - current</u> |                    |                   |
| Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL                            |                    |                   |
| Domestic listed shares (a)   | \$ 224,525         | \$ 59,346         |
| Domestic unlisted shares (a)   | -                  | 295,492           |
| Foreign listed shares (a)  | 47,046             | 109,836           |
| Foreign unlisted convertible bonds (a)   | <u>-</u>           | <u>15,372</u>     |
|  | <u>\$ 271,571</u>  | <u>\$ 480,046</u> |
| <u>Financial liabilities at FVTPL - current</u>                                |                    |                   |
| Financial liabilities mandatorily classified as at FVTPL                       |                    |                   |
| Derivative financial liabilities (not under hedge accounting)                  |                    |                   |
| Cross-currency swap contracts (b)  | <u>\$ 12,172</u>   | <u>\$ -</u>       |



- a. Since the Group holds domestic and foreign listed shares and unlisted shares, preference shares, convertible bonds, it recognized net gain of \$8,172 thousand and net loss of \$23,413 thousand on FVTPL in 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- b. At the end of the year, the Group's transactions and contracts for derivative financial instruments not under hedge accounting were as follows: (December 31, 2022: None)

Cross-currency swap contracts

| Notional Amount<br>(In Thousands) | Maturity Date | Range of<br>Interest Rates<br>Paid | Range of<br>Interest Rates<br>Received |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|--|
| <u>December 31, 2023</u>          |               |                                    |  |
| USD16,000/NTD504,560              | January 2024  | -                                  | 4.21%-4.31%                            |

The Group entered into cross-currency swap contracts to manage exposures to exchange rate and interest rate fluctuations of foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities. Those contracts did not meet the criteria of hedge effectiveness and therefore were not accounted for using hedge accounting.

Since the Group entered into cross-currency swap contracts, the Group recognized a net loss of \$12,172 thousand and a net gain of \$234 thousand on FVTPL in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTIZED COST - CURRENT

|   | <u>December 31</u>  |                   |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|
|   | <b>2023</b>         | <b>2022</b>       |
| Time deposits with original maturities more than 3 months | \$ 2,787,296        | \$ 941,813        |
| Restricted assets (Note 32)                               | <u>372</u>          | <u>286</u>        |
|   | <u>\$ 2,787,668</u> | <u>\$ 942,099</u> |

The ranges of interest rates for time deposits with original maturities more than 3 months were approximately 1.35%-5.76% and 3.70%-5.15% per annum as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

## 9. TRADE RECEIVABLES FROM UNRELATED PARTIES

|                                       | <u>December 31</u>  |                     |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|                                       | <b>2023</b>         | <b>2022</b>         |
| Trade receivables - at amortized cost |                     |                     |
| Gross carrying amount                 | \$ 4,100,050        | \$ 5,071,664        |
| Less: Loss allowance                  | <u>(42,080)</u>     | <u>(51,570)</u>     |
|                                       | <u>\$ 4,057,970</u> | <u>\$ 5,020,094</u> |

The credit period of sales of goods is approximately 30 to 90 days. No interest was charged as a result of the shorter credit period.

In order to control credit risk and ensure the recoverable amount of trade receivables, the management of the Group has evaluated individual customers' financial positions to determine credit limits and subsequently monitored the factors possibly affecting customers' payment ability such as its own trading records and current economic conditions.

The Group adopts the simplified approach of IFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. The ECLs on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix. Since the different customer groups of the Group have different loss patterns, the Group adopts different provision matrix by the customer group and considers the number of days overdue of the customer's trade receivables, current financial position and industrial economic condition to set the expected credit loss rate. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade receivables at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate allowance is made for amounts possibly having credit risk. In this regard, the management believes the Group's credit risk was significantly reduced.

The following aging schedule details the loss allowance of trade receivables based on the Group's provision matrix.

#### December 31, 2023

|                                | Not Past Due        | Less than<br>30 Days | 31 to 60 Days   | 61 to 90 Days | 91 to 180 Days | 181 to 270 Days | Over 270 days | Total               |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Gross carrying amount          | \$ 4,001,082        | \$ 53,191            | \$ 3,176        | \$ 521        | \$ -           | \$ -            | \$ 42,080     | \$ 4,100,050        |
| Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs) | -                   | -                    | -               | -             | -              | -               | (42,080)      | (42,080)            |
| Amortized cost                 | <u>\$ 4,001,082</u> | <u>\$ 53,191</u>     | <u>\$ 3,176</u> | <u>\$ 521</u> | <u>\$ -</u>    | <u>\$ -</u>     | <u>\$ -</u>   | <u>\$ 4,057,970</u> |

#### December 31, 2022

|                                | Not Past Due        | Less than<br>30 Days | 31 to 60 Days   | 61 to 90 Days | 91 to 180 Days | 181 to 270 Days | Over 270 days | Total               |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Gross carrying amount          | \$ 4,986,859        | \$ 25,340            | \$ 7,887        | \$ -          | \$ 8           | \$ -            | \$ 51,570     | \$ 5,071,664        |
| Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs) | -                   | -                    | -               | -             | -              | -               | (51,570)      | (51,570)            |
| Amortized cost                 | <u>\$ 4,986,859</u> | <u>\$ 25,340</u>     | <u>\$ 7,887</u> | <u>\$ -</u>   | <u>\$ 8</u>    | <u>\$ -</u>     | <u>\$ -</u>   | <u>\$ 5,020,094</u> |

The movements of the loss allowance of trade receivables were as follows:

|                                     | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                  |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
|                                     | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>      |
| Balance at January 1                | \$ 51,570                             | \$ 51,751        |
| Add: Expected Credit Gain           | (8,844)                               | (1,005)          |
| Foreign exchange gains and (losses) | <u>(646)</u>                          | <u>824</u>       |
| Balance at December 31              | <u>\$ 42,080</u>                      | <u>\$ 51,570</u> |

## 10. INVENTORIES

|                | <b>December 31</b>  |                     |
|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|                | <b>2023</b>         | <b>2022</b>         |
| Finished goods | \$ 804,283          | \$ 973,517          |
| Raw materials  | <u>724,577</u>      | <u>1,436,805</u>    |
|                | <u>\$ 1,528,860</u> | <u>\$ 2,410,322</u> |

The cost of inventories recognized as cost of goods sold for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$15,712,845 thousand and \$17,374,522 thousand, respectively. The cost of goods sold for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 included inventory write-downs reversed of \$151,933 thousand and inventory write-downs of \$74,071 thousand, respectively.

## 11. SUBSIDIARIES

Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

| Investor                        | Investee  | Nature of Activities   | Percentage of Ownership |         |
|---------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------|---------|
|                                 |   |  | 2023                    | 2022    |
| The Company                     | Dynapack Technologies (Cayman) Corporation (hereinafter referred to as the “Dynapack (Cayman)”)             | Investment and selling lithium-ion battery packs   | 100.00%                 | 100.00% |
| The Company                     | Dynapack Investment Corporation   | Investment   | 100.00%                 | 100.00% |
| The Company                     | Dynapack Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as the “Dynapack (Vietnam)”)         | Manufacturing and selling lithium-ion battery packs  | 100.00%                 | -       |
| The Company                     | Dynapack Technology (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the “Dynapack (Thailand)”)             | Manufacturing and selling lithium-ion battery packs  | 99.99%                  | -       |
| Dynapack Investment Corporation | Dynapack Technology (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the “Dynapack (Thailand)”)             | Manufacturing and selling lithium-ion battery packs  | 0.01% (Note 1)          | -       |
| Dynapack (Cayman)               | Dynapack Technology (Hong Kong) Corporation Limited (hereinafter referred to as the “Dynapack (Hong Kong)”) | Investment   | 100.00%                 | 100.00% |
| Dynapack (Hong Kong)            | Dynapack (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.   | Manufacturing and selling various lithium-ion battery packs, nickel-metal hydride battery packs, new electronic components, wireless communication modules, various chargers and technical development of power management systems, etc. | 100.00%                 | 100.00% |

Note: The number of shares held was 1.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company has invested in Dynapack (Cayman) US\$74,186 thousand, then reinvested US\$72,300 thousand in Dynapack (Hong Kong), and then reinvested US\$72,100 thousand in Dynapack (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.

Dynapack (Cayman) reduced the capital by cash in November 2022, and the Company received repatriation of US\$10,000 thousand. Dynapack (Cayman) completed the capital reduction process in December 2022.

In order to meet customer needs and respond to the company's overall operational development, the company has established subsidiaries in Vietnam and Thailand on September 20, 2023 and September 21, 2023 respectively. The estimated investment amounts are both US\$5,000 thousand. As of December 31, 2023 investments of US\$5,000 thousand and US\$1,250 thousand in subsidiaries in Vietnam and Thailand have been completed respectively.

## 12. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

|   | <u>December 31</u> |                  |
|---|--------------------|------------------|
|   | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b>      |
| Associate that is not individually material |                    |                  |
| Chih Ho Shun Development Co., Ltd.          | <u>\$ 11,799</u>   | <u>\$ 12,779</u> |

The Group's percentage of ownership and voting rights in associate that is not individually material at the end of the year are as follows, and for the rest of the relevant information, refer to Table 5.

| Name of Associate                  | <u>December 31</u> |             |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
|                                    | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b> |
| Chih Ho Shun Development Co., Ltd. | 30%                | 30%         |

For "Taoyuan Airport MRT A7 Station Development Zone Industrial Zone (Bid A) Bidding Investment Project", the Group jointly invested and established Chih Ho Shun Development Co., Ltd. to perform the development of public facilities in the industrial zone in April 2012 with Chroma ATE Inc. and HERAN Co., Ltd. As of December 31, 2023, the Company has invested \$15,000 thousand in Chih Ho Shun Development Co., Ltd. with a 30% of ownership.

The summarized financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate's financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards adjusted by the Group for equity accounting purposes.

|                       | <u>December 31</u>                    |                   |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
|                       | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>       |
| Current assets        | \$ 38,573                             | \$ 41,477         |
| Non-current assets    | 1,078                                 | 1,437             |
| Current liabilities   | <u>(320)</u>                          | <u>(319)</u>      |
| Equity                | <u>\$ 39,331</u>                      | <u>\$ 42,595</u>  |
|                       | <u>For the Year Ended December 31</u> |                   |
|                       | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>       |
| Net loss for the year | <u>\$ (3,264)</u>                     | <u>\$ (3,129)</u> |

Investments accounted for using the equity method and the share of profit and loss by the Group is calculated based on the financial statements of Chih Ho Shun Development Co., Ltd., that have not been audited by a certified public accountant. However, the management of the Group believes that the above financial statements of the investee, which were not audited by a certified public accountant, did not have a significant impact.

### 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

|  | Land            | Buildings         | Machinery<br>Equipment | Transportation<br>Equipment | Office<br>Equipment | Other<br>Equipment | Unfinished<br>Construction<br>and Equipment<br>Pending<br>Acceptance | Total               |
|--|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|---------------------|
| <u>Cost</u>  |                 |                   |                        |                             |                     |                    |  |                     |
| Balance at January 1, 2023                         | \$ 6,643        | \$ 1,183,405      | \$ 1,923,317           | \$ 11,793                   | \$ 124,893          | \$ 241,221         | \$ 27,325  | \$ 3,518,597        |
| Additions  | -               | 10,922            | 25,906                 | 4,300                       | 5,966               | 27,489             | 30,229   | 104,812             |
| Reclassification                                   | -               | 60,394            | (17,384)               | -                           | -                   | 4,478              | (49,830)   | (2,342)             |
| Disposals  | -               | -                 | (90,608)               | (5,245)                     | (10,699)            | (7,515)            | -  | (114,067)           |
| Effect of foreign currency<br>exchange differences | -               | (20,262)          | (37,493)               | (46)                        | (2,650)             | (2,720)            | (468)  | (63,639)            |
| Balance at December 31,<br>2023                    | <u>6,643</u>    | <u>1,234,459</u>  | <u>1,803,738</u>       | <u>10,802</u>               | <u>117,510</u>      | <u>262,953</u>     | <u>7,256</u>   | <u>3,443,361</u>    |
| <u>Accumulated depreciation<br/>and impairment</u> |                 |                   |                        |                             |                     |                    |  |                     |
| Balance at January 1, 2023                         | -               | 337,441           | 1,475,493              | 7,946                       | 86,523              | 132,856            | -  | 2,040,259           |
| Depreciation expense                               | -               | 60,635            | 134,606                | 1,607                       | 14,751              | 42,057             | -  | 253,656             |
| Reclassification                                   | -               | 25,899            | (25,899)               | -                           | -                   | -                  | -  | -                   |
| Disposals  | -               | -                 | (85,670)               | (4,033)                     | (10,283)            | (4,301)            | -  | (104,287)           |
| Effect of foreign currency<br>exchange differences | -               | (33,358)          | (6,649)                | (43)                        | (2,409)             | (2,024)            | -  | (44,483)            |
| Balance at December 31,<br>2023                    | -               | <u>390,617</u>    | <u>1,491,881</u>       | <u>5,477</u>                | <u>88,582</u>       | <u>168,588</u>     | -  | <u>2,145,145</u>    |
| Carrying amount at<br>December 31, 2023            | <u>\$ 6,643</u> | <u>\$ 843,842</u> | <u>\$ 311,857</u>      | <u>\$ 5,325</u>             | <u>\$ 28,928</u>    | <u>\$ 94,365</u>   | <u>\$ 7,256</u>  | <u>\$ 1,298,216</u> |
| <u>Cost</u>  |                 |                   |                        |                             |                     |                    |  |                     |
| Balance at January 1, 2022                         | \$ 6,643        | \$ 1,153,886      | \$ 1,884,258           | \$ 11,001                   | \$ 136,209          | \$ 60,252          | \$ -   | \$ 3,252,249        |
| Additions  | -               | 3,298             | 76,047                 | 750                         | 11,783              | 23,579             | 132,920  | 248,377             |
| Reclassification                                   | -               | 8,120             | 97,475                 | -                           | -                   | 195,436            | (105,595)  | 195,436             |
| Disposals  | -               | (436)             | (151,905)              | -                           | (24,226)            | (36,317)           | -  | (212,884)           |
| Effect of foreign currency<br>exchange differences | -               | 18,537            | 17,442                 | 42                          | 1,127               | (1,729)            | -  | 35,419              |
| Balance at December 31,<br>2022                    | <u>6,643</u>    | <u>1,183,405</u>  | <u>1,923,317</u>       | <u>11,793</u>               | <u>124,893</u>      | <u>241,221</u>     | <u>27,325</u>  | <u>3,518,597</u>    |
| <u>Accumulated depreciation<br/>and impairment</u> |                 |                   |                        |                             |                     |                    |  |                     |
| Balance at January 1, 2022                         | -               | 300,866           | 1,427,630              | 6,016                       | 94,129              | 48,306             | -  | 1,876,947           |
| Depreciation expense                               | -               | 32,164            | 182,437                | 1,900                       | 15,670              | 39,886             | -  | 272,057             |
| Reclassification                                   | -               | -                 | -                      | -                           | -                   | 81,030             | -  | 81,030              |
| Disposals  | -               | (255)             | (144,258)              | -                           | (23,964)            | (35,854)           | -  | (204,331)           |
| Effect of foreign currency<br>exchange differences | -               | 4,666             | 9,684                  | 30                          | 688                 | (512)              | -  | 14,556              |
| Balance at December 31,<br>2022                    | -               | <u>337,441</u>    | <u>1,475,493</u>       | <u>7,946</u>                | <u>86,523</u>       | <u>132,856</u>     | -  | <u>2,040,259</u>    |
| Carrying amount at<br>December 31, 2022            | <u>\$ 6,643</u> | <u>\$ 845,964</u> | <u>\$ 447,824</u>      | <u>\$ 3,847</u>             | <u>\$ 38,370</u>    | <u>\$ 108,365</u>  | <u>\$ 27,325</u>   | <u>\$ 1,478,338</u> |

The Group had no capitalized interest and did not recognize any impairment loss for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 as there was no indication of impairment.

The above items of property, plant and equipment used by the Group are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

|                                 |             |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>Buildings</b>                |             |
| Main building                   | 13-47 years |
| Electromechanical power         | 20 years    |
| Factory engineering             | 20 years    |
| <b>Machinery equipment</b>      | 2-15 years  |
| <b>Transportation equipment</b> | 4-5 years   |
| <b>Office equipment</b>         | 3-5 years   |
| <b>Other equipment</b>          | 2-10 years  |

## 14. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

### a. Right-of-use assets

|  | Right to<br>Use Land | Buildings         | Transportation<br>Equipment | Total             |
|--|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| <u>Cost</u>  |                      |                   |                             |                   |
| Balance at January 1, 2023                         | \$ 141,710           | \$ 162,266        | \$ 6,712                    | \$ 310,688        |
| Additions  | 74,841               | 47,086            | 2,232                       | 124,159           |
| Disposal   | -                    | (29,721)          | (2,096)                     | (31,817)          |
| Effect of foreign currency<br>exchange differences | <u>(2,426)</u>       | <u>-</u>          | <u>-</u>                    | <u>(2,426)</u>    |
| Balance at December 31,<br>2023                    | <u>\$ 214,125</u>    | <u>\$ 179,631</u> | <u>\$ 6,848</u>             | <u>\$ 400,604</u> |
| <u>Accumulated depreciation</u>                    |                      |                   |                             |                   |
| Balance at January 1, 2023                         | \$ 14,966            | \$ 25,698         | \$ 2,934                    | \$ 43,598         |
| Depreciation expense                               | 4,173                | 26,342            | 1,720                       | 32,235            |
| Disposal   | -                    | (11,161)          | (1,955)                     | (13,116)          |
| Effect of foreign currency<br>exchange differences | <u>(346)</u>         | <u>2</u>          | <u>-</u>                    | <u>(344)</u>      |
| Balance at December 31,<br>2023                    | <u>\$ 18,793</u>     | <u>\$ 40,881</u>  | <u>\$ 2,699</u>             | <u>\$ 62,373</u>  |
| Carrying amount at<br>December 31, 2023            | <u>\$ 195,332</u>    | <u>\$ 138,750</u> | <u>\$ 4,149</u>             | <u>\$ 338,231</u> |
| <u>Cost</u>  |                      |                   |                             |                   |
| Balance at January 1, 2022                         | \$ 139,470           | \$ 162,266        | \$ 5,653                    | \$ 307,389        |
| Additions  | -                    | -                 | 6,382                       | 6,382             |
| Disposal   | -                    | -                 | (5,323)                     | (5,323)           |
| Effect of foreign currency<br>exchange differences | <u>2,240</u>         | <u>-</u>          | <u>-</u>                    | <u>2,240</u>      |
| Balance at December 31,<br>2022                    | <u>\$ 141,710</u>    | <u>\$ 162,266</u> | <u>\$ 6,712</u>             | <u>\$ 310,688</u> |
| <u>Accumulated depreciation</u>                    |                      |                   |                             |                   |
| Balance at January 1, 2022                         | \$ 11,047            | \$ 1,028          | \$ 5,653                    | \$ 17,728         |
| Depreciation expense                               | 3,761                | 24,670            | 1,920                       | 30,351            |
| Disposal   | -                    | -                 | (4,639)                     | (4,639)           |
| Effect of foreign currency<br>exchange differences | <u>158</u>           | <u>-</u>          | <u>-</u>                    | <u>158</u>        |
| Balance at December 31,<br>2022                    | <u>\$ 14,966</u>     | <u>\$ 25,698</u>  | <u>\$ 2,934</u>             | <u>\$ 43,598</u>  |
| Carrying amount at<br>December 31, 2022            | <u>\$ 126,744</u>    | <u>\$ 136,568</u> | <u>\$ 3,778</u>             | <u>\$ 267,090</u> |

The Group did not recognize any impairment for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 as there was no indication of impairment.

b. Lease liabilities

|                        | <b>December 31</b> |                   |
|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
|                        | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b>       |
| <u>Carrying amount</u> |                    |                   |
| Current                | <u>\$ 48,848</u>   | <u>\$ 43,370</u>  |
| Non-current            | <u>\$ 167,455</u>  | <u>\$ 199,928</u> |

Range of discount rates for lease liabilities was as follows:

|                          | <b>December 31</b> |             |
|--------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
|                          | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b> |
| Transportation equipment | 1.06%-1.63%        | 0.75%-1.06% |
| Buildings                | 0.90%-4.50%        | 0.90%       |

c. Material leasing activities and terms

The prepaid lease payments for the right to use land in Wujiang District, Suzhou City, China and Taihe Industrial Zone, Vietnam obtained by the Group were recognized as right-of-use assets.

The Group leases a building in the Rojana Ayutthaya Industrial Zone, Ayutthaya Province, Thailand, for use as the factory, with a lease period of 3 years and 1 month. The Group does not have bargain purchase options to acquire the leasehold building at the end of the lease term.

The Group leases transportation equipment for operation with lease term of 1 to 3 years. Part of the lease agreement contains renewal options at the end of the lease period.

In November 2021, the Company signed the trading contract for real estate to sell its building and the lease agreement to lease back partial floors for operations with lease terms of 5 to 10 years. According to the lease agreement, the Company has the right and option to renew the lease. The annual lease payment is \$33,931 thousand (approximately 3,714 pings) for the first four years, \$34,956 thousand (approximately 3,714 pings) for the 5th year, \$14,268 thousand (approximately 1,558 pings) for the 6th to 8th years, and \$14,716 thousand (approximately 1,558 pings) for the 9th and 10th years. Refer to Note 15 for details about the sale of land and building.

d. Other lease information

|  | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                    |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
|  | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>        |
| Expenses relating to short-term leases | <u>\$ 650</u>                         | <u>\$ 4,208</u>    |
| Total cash outflow for leases          | <u>\$ (47,706)</u>                    | <u>\$ (49,888)</u> |

The Group elected to apply the recognition exemption of short-term leases and thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

## 15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

|                                      | <b>Land</b>         | <b>Investment<br/>Properties<br/>under<br/>Construction</b> | <b>Total</b>        |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---|---------------------|
| <u>Cost</u>                          |                     |   |                     |
| Balance at January 1, 2023           | \$ 2,752,677        | \$ 309,856  | \$ 3,062,533        |
| Additions                            | <u>-</u>            | <u>298,409</u>  | <u>298,409</u>      |
| Carrying amount at December 31, 2023 | <u>\$ 2,752,677</u> | <u>\$ 608,265</u>   | <u>\$ 3,360,942</u> |
| <u>Cost</u>                          |                     |   |                     |
| Balance at January 1, 2022           | \$ 2,752,677        | \$ -  | \$ 2,752,677        |
| Additions                            | <u>-</u>            | <u>309,856</u>  | <u>309,856</u>      |
| Carrying amount at December 31, 2022 | <u>\$ 2,752,677</u> | <u>\$ 309,856</u>   | <u>\$ 3,062,533</u> |

The fair value of investment property was based on valuations carried out by independent qualified professional valuers, and the fair value was measured using Level 3 inputs. The valuation of the land was arrived at by reference to comparison approach and land development analysis approach. The appraisal fair value was as follows:

|  | <u>December 31</u> |               |
|--|--------------------|---------------|
|  | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b>   |
| Land (17,387.3 pings include joint construction land for residence of 4,046.9 pings) | \$ 12,729,000      | \$ 12,420,000 |

On February 1, 2012, the Company, Chroma ATE Inc. and HERAN Co., Ltd. jointly obtained “Taoyuan Airport MRT A7 Station Development Zone Industrial Zone (Bid A) Bidding Investment Project” in Guishan District, Taoyuan City. The total bid price was \$10,088,890 thousand. The agreement was signed on April 18, 2012 and the shareholding ratio of each member was 30%, 35% and 35%, respectively. The bid price obtained by the Company was \$3,035,176 thousand, the area of the acquired land was 66,877 square meters (approximately 20,230 pings). The acquired land of 38,707 square meters (approximately 11,709 pings) had registration of caution which stipulated that the land cannot be transferred to a third party if the land has not been constructed and has not obtained a building use permit.

In order to activate assets and raise land development fund, on December 7, 2020, the Company’s board of directors approved the signing of the preliminary trading contract for real estate. In November 2021, the Company signed the trading contract for real estate and the lease agreement to lease back part of the building spaces. The sale of the Company’s land (approximately 2,801.2 pings) and all of the above-ground building and underground parking spaces (approximately 17,734.0 pings) at No. 55, 55-5, and 55-6 Lejie Section, Guishan District, Taoyuan City was completed in December 2021. The sale price, including value-added business tax, was \$4,500,000 thousand. Refer to Note 14 for details about sale-and-lease-back.



On January 30, 2019, the board of directors approved the agreement for joint construction and separate sale with Fu-Yu Construction Co., Ltd. (“Fu-Yu”) for a parcel of residential land of 13,378.2 square meters (approximately 4,046.9 pings) located at No. 56, Lejie Section, Guishan District, Taoyuan City. According to the agreement, the Company will receive total guaranteed revenue of \$2,630,500 thousand without regard to changes in market condition. As of December 31, 2023, the Company has received 30% of total guaranteed revenue in the amount of \$789,160 thousand which is recognized as guarantee deposit received. Registration of caution is applied to the land in this case. It is expected that registration of caution can be cancelled after the construction is completed and building use permit is obtained. Fu-Yu is expected to obtain the use permit in the first half of 2024.

The Company used 6,366.4 square meters (approximately 1,925.8 pings) of land to construct its second building. The signing of construction contract for the second building was approved by the board of directors on April 26, 2022. The total contract price, including value-added business tax, was \$1,280,000 thousand, and it is expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2025.

## 16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

|   | <b>December 31</b>       |                          |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
|   | <b>2023</b>              | <b>2022</b>              |
|   | <b>Computer Software</b> | <b>Computer Software</b> |
| <u>Cost</u>                                     |                          |                          |
| Balance at January 1, 2023                      | \$ 21,118                | \$ -                     |
| Additions                                       | 2,226                    | 15,131                   |
| Reclassification                                | (1,034)                  | 10,702                   |
| Derecognition                                   | (6,258)                  | (4,485)                  |
| Effect of foreign currency exchange differences | (284)                    | (230)                    |
| Balance at December 31, 2023                    | <u>15,768</u>            | <u>21,118</u>            |
| <u>Accumulated amortization</u>                 |                          |                          |
| Balance at January 1, 2023                      | 8,641                    | -                        |
| Amortization expenses                           | 8,338                    | 7,506                    |
| Reclassification                                | -                        | 5,783                    |
| Derecognition                                   | (6,258)                  | (4,485)                  |
| Effect of foreign currency exchange differences | (278)                    | (163)                    |
| Balance at December 31, 2022                    | <u>10,443</u>            | <u>8,641</u>             |
| Carrying amount at December 31, 2023            | <u>\$ 5,325</u>          | <u>\$ 12,477</u>         |

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

|                   |           |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Computer software | 2-3 years |
|-------------------|-----------|

The Group did not recognize any impairment loss for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 since there was no indication of impairment.

## 17. OTHER ASSETS

|  | <u>December 31</u> |                   |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|
|  | <u>2023</u>        | <u>2022</u>       |
| <u>Current</u>                             |                    |                   |
| Refundable deposits                        | \$ 27,968          | \$ 27,968         |
| Prepayments and others                     | <u>108,113</u>     | <u>101,127</u>    |
|  | <u>\$ 136,081</u>  | <u>\$ 129,095</u> |
| <u>Non-current</u>                         |                    |                   |
| Prepayments for construction and equipment | \$ 97,235          | \$ 104,933        |
| Others                                     | <u>1,971</u>       | <u>300</u>        |
|  | <u>\$ 99,206</u>   | <u>\$ 105,233</u> |

Prepayments for construction and equipment are mainly payments for the construction accounts and addition of new production lines. Refundable deposits are mainly paid to suppliers for stable supply and classified into current and non-current accounts, respectively, according to liquidity.

## 18. BORROWINGS

### a. Short-term borrowings

|                             | <u>December 31</u> |                   |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
|                             | <u>2023</u>        | <u>2022</u>       |
| <u>Unsecured borrowings</u> |                    |                   |
| Credit borrowings           | <u>\$ 400,000</u>  | <u>\$ 750,000</u> |

The ranges of interest rate of short-term borrowings were 1.630% and 1.400%-1.650% per annum as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

### b. Long-term borrowings

|   | <u>December 31</u> |                     |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|
|   | <u>2023</u>        | <u>2022</u>         |
| Credit borrowings                             | \$ 1,075,789       | \$ 1,664,317        |
| Less: Current portion of long-term borrowings | <u>(107,158)</u>   | <u>(588,528)</u>    |
|   | <u>\$ 968,631</u>  | <u>\$ 1,075,789</u> |

The ranges of interest rate of long-term borrowings were 0.600%-1.630% and 0.475%-1.670% per annum as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and will be due in succession before April 2025.

According to the bank loan contract, the consolidated financial statements must maintain the agreed financial ratios during the period of the borrowings; as of December 31, 2023, the Group has not violated the agreed financial ratios.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the unused line of credit of long-term and short-term loans of the Group was \$8,835,587 thousand and \$8,353,582 thousand, respectively.

## 19. TRADE PAYABLES FROM UNRELATED PARTIES

|                            | <u>December 31</u>  |                     |
|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|                            | <u>2023</u>         | <u>2022</u>         |
| Trade payables - operating | <u>\$ 3,132,045</u> | <u>\$ 2,985,921</u> |

The average credit period of purchases of goods is approximately 65-70 days. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the pre-agreed credit terms.

## 20. PROVISIONS - CURRENT

|                        | <u>December 31</u>                           |                  |
|------------------------|--|------------------|
|                        | <u>2023</u>                                  | <u>2022</u>      |
| Warranties             | <u>\$ 59,604</u>                             | <u>\$ 64,896</u> |
|                        | <b><u>For the Year Ended December 31</u></b> |                  |
|                        | <u>2023</u>                                  | <u>2022</u>      |
| Balance at January 1   | \$ 64,896                                    | \$ 72,123        |
| Reversal of provisions | (5,292)                                      | (4,606)          |
| Using of provisions    | <u>-</u>                                     | <u>(2,621)</u>   |
| Balance at December 31 | <u>\$ 59,604</u>                             | <u>\$ 64,896</u> |

## 21. OTHER LIABILITIES

|   | <u>December 31</u> |                   |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|
|   | <u>2023</u>        | <u>2022</u>       |
| <u>Current</u>  |                    |                   |
| Other payables  |                    |                   |
| Payables for salaries and bonuses (including compensation of employees) | \$ 354,791         | \$ 377,785        |
| Payables for taxes and levies   | 34,824             | 28,975            |
| Payables for professional expenses                                      | 28,532             | 25,802            |
| Payables for mold and fixture   | 26,726             | 27,446            |
| Payables for purchases of equipment                                     | 23,878             | 49,673            |
| Payables for repair and maintenance                                     | 16,953             | 14,300            |
| Payables for freight and export   | 16,177             | 21,846            |
| Payables for insurance  | 13,092             | 28,456            |
| Payables for pension  | 12,726             | 12,510            |
| Payables for compensation of directors                                  | 12,531             | 12,605            |
| Payables for consumption expenses                                       | 11,431             | 11,445            |
| Payables for construction   | 5,672              | 11,380            |
| Others  | <u>114,559</u>     | <u>102,889</u>    |
|   | <u>\$ 671,892</u>  | <u>\$ 725,112</u> |

(Continued)

|                             | <u>December 31</u> |                                |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
|                             | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b>                    |
| Other liabilities           |                    |                                |
| Refund liabilities          | \$ 66,329          | \$ 106,584                     |
| Others                      | <u>214,606</u>     | <u>80,510</u>                  |
|                             | <u>\$ 280,935</u>  | <u>\$ 187,094</u>              |
| <br><u>Non-current</u>      |                    |                                |
| Long-term employee benefits | <u>\$ 2,712</u>    | <u>\$ 2,653</u><br>(Concluded) |

## 22. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

### a. Defined contribution plans

The Company adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (LPA), which is a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, the Company makes monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages.

The subsidiary Dynapack (Cayman) adopted a defined contribution plan and makes monthly contributions at 6% of monthly salaries and wages.

### b. Defined benefit plans

The defined benefit plan adopted by the Company in accordance with the Labor Standards Act is operated by the government of the ROC. Pension benefits are calculated on the basis of the length of service and average monthly salaries of the 6 months before retirement. The Company contributes amounts equal to 2% of total monthly salaries and wages to a pension fund administered by the pension fund monitoring committee. Pension contributions are deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the committee's name. Before the end of each year, the Company assesses the balance in the pension fund. If the amount of the balance in the pension fund is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Company is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The pension fund is managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor (the "Bureau"); the Company has no right to influence the investment policy and strategy.

The actuarial valuations of plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries.

The amounts included in the consolidated balance sheets in respect of the Company's defined benefit plans were as follows:

|   | <u>December 31</u> |                 |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|
|   | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b>     |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation | \$ (23,950)        | \$ (24,146)     |
| Fair value of plan assets                   | <u>28,953</u>      | <u>27,688</u>   |
| Net defined benefit assets - non-current    | <u>\$ 5,003</u>    | <u>\$ 3,542</u> |

Movements in net defined benefit assets (liabilities) were as follows:

|   | <b>Present Value<br/>of the Defined<br/>Benefit<br/>Obligation</b> | <b>Fair Value of<br/>the Plan Assets</b> | <b>Net Defined<br/>Benefit<br/>Assets<br/>(Liabilities)</b> |
|---|--|--|---|
| Balance at January 1, 2022  | \$ (26,593)  | \$ 24,943                                | \$ (1,650)  |
| Recognized in profit or loss  |  |  |   |
| Net interest (expense) income   | <u>(133)</u>   | <u>127</u>                               | <u>(6)</u>  |
| Remeasurement   |  |  |   |
| Return on plan assets (excluding amounts<br>included in net interest) | -  | 1,960                                    | 1,960   |
| Actuarial loss  |  |  |   |
| Changes in demographic assumptions                                    | (443)  | -  | (443)   |
| Actuarial gain  |  |  |   |
| Change in financial assumptions                                       | 3,471  | -  | 3,471   |
| Actuarial loss  |  |  |   |
| Experience adjustments  | <u>(448)</u>   | <u>-</u>                                 | <u>(448)</u>  |
| Recognized in other comprehensive income                              | <u>2,580</u>   | <u>1,960</u>                             | <u>4,540</u>  |
| Contributions from the employer                                       | <u>-</u>   | <u>658</u>                               | <u>658</u>  |
| Balance at December 31, 2022  | <u>\$ (24,146)</u>   | <u>\$ 27,688</u>                         | <u>\$ 3,542</u>   |
| Balance at January 1, 2023  | <u>\$ (24,146)</u>   | <u>\$ 27,688</u>                         | <u>\$ 3,542</u>   |
| Recognized in profit or loss  |  |  |   |
| Net interest (expense) income   | <u>(362)</u>   | <u>420</u>                               | <u>58</u>   |
| Remeasurement   |  |  |   |
| Return on plan assets (excluding amounts<br>included in net interest) | -  | 169                                      | 169   |
| Actuarial loss  |  |  |   |
| Change in financial assumptions                                       | (728)  | -  | (728)   |
| Actuarial gain  |  |  |   |
| Experience adjustments  | <u>1,286</u>   | <u>-</u>                                 | <u>1,286</u>  |
| Recognized in other comprehensive income                              | <u>558</u>   | <u>169</u>                               | <u>727</u>  |
| Contributions from the employer                                       | <u>-</u>   | <u>676</u>                               | <u>676</u>  |
| Balance at December 31, 2023  | <u>\$ (23,950)</u>   | <u>\$ 28,953</u>                         | <u>\$ 5,003</u>   |

Through the defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Act, the Company is exposed to the following risks:

- 1) Investment risk: The plan assets are invested in domestic and foreign equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the Bureau or under the mandated management. However, in accordance with relevant regulations, the return generated by plan assets shall not be below the interest rate for a 2-year time deposit with local banks.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plans' debt investments.
- 3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salaries of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The significant assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations on the measurement date are as follows:

|                                  | <b>December 31</b> |             |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
|                                  | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b> |
| Discount rate                    | 1.250%             | 1.500%      |
| Expected rate of salary increase | 2.750%             | 2.750%      |

If possible reasonable changes in each of the significant actuarial assumptions occur and all other assumptions remain constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation will increase (decrease) as follows:

|                                  | <b>December 31</b> |                 |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
|                                  | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b>     |
| Discount rate                    |                    |                 |
| 0.25% increase                   | <u>\$ (728)</u>    | <u>\$ (781)</u> |
| 0.25% decrease                   | <u>\$ 759</u>      | <u>\$ 816</u>   |
| Expected rate of salary increase |                    |                 |
| 0.25% increase                   | <u>\$ 734</u>      | <u>\$ 792</u>   |
| 0.25% decrease                   | <u>\$ (709)</u>    | <u>\$ (763)</u> |

The above sensitivity analysis may not be representative of the actual change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions will occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

|  | <b>December 31</b> |             |
|--|--------------------|-------------|
|  | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b> |
| Average duration of the defined benefit obligation | 12.4years          | 13.2 years  |

## 23. EQUITY

### a. Ordinary share capital

|   | <b>December 31</b>  |                     |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
|   | <b>2023</b>         | <b>2022</b>         |
| Number of authorized shares (in thousands of shares)            | <u>250,000</u>      | <u>250,000</u>      |
| Amount of authorized shares                                     | <u>\$ 2,500,000</u> | <u>\$ 2,500,000</u> |
| Number of issued and fully paid shares (in thousands of shares) | <u>151,173</u>      | <u>150,156</u>      |
| Amount of issued and fully paid shares                          | <u>\$ 1,511,730</u> | <u>\$ 1,501,555</u> |

The issued ordinary shares with a par value of \$10 entitle the holders with the right to vote and receive dividends.

The Company's authorized shares reserved for the employee share options are 10,000 thousand shares.

The difference in capital is due to the execution of share options by employees. (Refer to Note 28 for details.)

b. Capital surplus

|   | <u>December 31</u>  |                     |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
|   | <u>2023</u>         | <u>2022</u>         |
| <u>May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital*</u> |                     |                     |
| Issuance of ordinary shares   | \$ 1,860,697        | \$ 1,810,960        |
| Premium from conversion of bonds  | 318,790             | 318,790             |
| <u>May not be used for any purpose</u>  |                     |                     |
| Employee share options  | <u>24,298</u>       | <u>26,242</u>       |
|   | <u>\$ 2,203,785</u> | <u>\$ 2,155,992</u> |

\* Such capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or stock dividends (limited to a certain percentage of the Company's paid-up capital and to once a year).

c. Retained earnings and dividend policy

Under the dividends policy as set forth in the Articles, if the Company records a surplus earning at the close of a fiscal year, it shall pay the taxes, offset losses to be covered and then set aside 10% of the balance as legal reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations provided the amount of accumulated legal reserve has yet to reach the amount of the paid-up capital of the Company, then set aside or return the special reserve required by laws or competent authority. The balance (distributable profit) together with accumulated unappropriated earnings are available for appropriation, and the board of directors shall draft a plan for allocating surplus earnings and submit it to the shareholders for resolution. Where the Company distributes preceding surplus earning in the form of cash, such distribution is authorized to be made after a resolution has been adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the board of directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors and in addition thereto, a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting. Where the Company incurs no loss, it may distribute its legal reserve and capital reserve set forth in Article 241 of Company Act, in whole or in part, by issuing new stock dividend or by cash dividend. Where legal reserve is distributed by issuing stock dividend or by cash dividend, only the portion of legal reserve which exceeds 25 percent of the paid-up capital may be distributed. Where the Company distributes the preceding legal reserve and capital reserve set forth in Article 241 of Company Act in the form of cash, such distribution is authorized to be made after a resolution has been adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the board of directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors and in addition thereto, a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting. The Company may distribute surplus earnings after taking into consideration of financial, business, and operational factors. Each year shareholders' dividend appropriated from retained earnings available for distribution shall not be less than 30% of earnings available for appropriation for the year. Shareholders' dividend may be made by way of cash or stock dividend and shall be made preferably by way of cash and the ratio for cash dividend shall be more than 50% of total shareholders' dividend.

For the policies on the distribution of compensation of employees and directors refer to compensation of employees and directors in Note 25-g.

The appropriations of earnings for 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

|                 | <b>Appropriation of Earnings</b> |                             | <b>Dividends Per Share (NT\$)</b> |                             |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|                 | <b>For Fiscal Year 2022</b>      | <b>For Fiscal Year 2021</b> | <b>For Fiscal Year 2022</b>       | <b>For Fiscal Year 2021</b> |
| Legal reserve   | \$ 80,196                        | \$ 331,067                  |                                   |                             |
| Special reserve | \$ (251,608)                     | \$ 91,189                   |                                   |                             |
| Cash dividends  | \$ 909,488                       | \$ 2,248,342                | \$ 6.05                           | \$ 15.05                    |

The appropriations of earnings for 2022 and 2021 were resolved by the Company's board of directors on March 7, 2023 and March 8, 2022. The cash dividends for 2022 and 2021 were paid on May 12, 2023 and May 4, 2022; the other proposed appropriations were resolved by the shareholders' in their meetings on June 9, 2023 and June 6, 2022.

The change in the number of issued shares due to the implementation of employee share options, the cash dividend per share in 2022 and 2021 were adjusted to \$6.04184 and \$15.02545.

The appropriation of earnings for 2023, which was proposed by the Company's board of directors on March 5, 2024, was as follows:

|                 | <b>Appropriation of Earnings</b> | <b>Dividends Per Share (NT\$)</b> |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Legal reserve   | \$ 78,867                        |                                   |
| Special reserve | \$ 104,014                       |                                   |
| Cash dividends  | \$ 840,027                       | \$5.55                            |

The cash dividends have been approved by the Company's board of directors, and the other proposed appropriations for 2023 is to be resolved in the shareholders' meeting on June 12, 2024.

d. Special reserve

|  | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                   |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
|  | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>       |
| Beginning at January 1   | \$ 545,350                            | \$ 454,161        |
| Appropriations in respect of<br>Debit/(credit) to other equity items | <u>(251,608)</u>                      | <u>91,189</u>     |
| Balance at December 31   | <u>\$ 293,742</u>                     | <u>\$ 545,350</u> |

Pursuant to Rule No. 1090150022 issued by the FSC, the Company is required to set aside additional special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of other equity items from the sum of net profit for the year and the amount of items other than net profit for the year but included in the unappropriated earnings. When there is still a deficit, it shall be set aside from previous unappropriated earnings. As for the shortfall of the "net increase in fair value of investment properties accumulated for the previous year" and "net debit balance of other equity items for the previous year" before the distribution of the surplus, a special reserve of the same amount shall be provided from the unappropriated earnings for the previous year. If the special reserve is still insufficient, it will be added to the net profit for the year plus the amount of the current unappropriated earnings. Any special reserve may be reversed and distributed to the extent of reversal of the net debit balance.



- e. Other equity items

Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations

The exchange differences arising on translation of the financial statements of foreign operation's net assets from its functional currency to the Group's presentation currency (i.e., New Taiwan dollars) are recognized directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve. Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations previously accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve are reclassified to profit and loss when the foreign operation is disposed of.

**24. REVENUE**

- a. Contract information

Refer to Notes 4 and 35.

- b. Contract balances

Refer to trade receivables in Note 9.

**25. NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR**

Net profit for the year includes the following items:

- a. Interest income

|                                      | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                  |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
|                                      | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>      |
| Bank deposits                        | \$ 207,940                            | \$ 61,626        |
| RMB structured financial instruments | -                                     | 555              |
| Others                               | <u>27,313</u>                         | <u>88</u>        |
|                                      | <u>\$ 235,253</u>                     | <u>\$ 62,269</u> |

- b. Other income

|                | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                  |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
|                | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>      |
| Subsidy income | \$ 20,474                             | \$ 30,284        |
| Rental income  | 5,387                                 | 3,125            |
| Others         | <u>14,864</u>                         | <u>28,500</u>    |
|                | <u>\$ 40,725</u>                      | <u>\$ 61,909</u> |

c. Net foreign exchange (loss) gain

**For the Year Ended December 31**  
**2023**                      **2022**

|                       |                    |                    |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Foreign exchange gain | \$ 1,255,612       | \$ 1,506,054       |
| Foreign exchange loss | <u>(1,110,601)</u> | <u>(1,450,207)</u> |
| Net gain              | <u>\$ 145,011</u>  | <u>\$ 55,847</u>   |

d. Finance costs

**For the Year Ended December 31**  
**2023**                      **2022**

|                               |                  |                  |
|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Interest on bank borrowings   | \$ 31,973        | \$ 30,021        |
| Interest on lease liabilities | 1,735            | 2,392            |
| Others                        | <u>161</u>       | <u>110</u>       |
|                               | <u>\$ 33,869</u> | <u>\$ 32,523</u> |

e. Depreciation and amortization

**For the Year Ended December 31**  
**2023**                      **2022**

|   |                   |                   |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| An analysis of depreciation by function |                   |                   |
| Operating costs                         | \$ 209,581        | \$ 232,298        |
| Operating expense                       | <u>76,310</u>     | <u>70,110</u>     |
|   | <u>\$ 285,891</u> | <u>\$ 302,408</u> |
| An analysis of amortization by function |                   |                   |
| Operating costs                         | \$ 979            | \$ 3,682          |
| Operating expense                       | <u>24,828</u>     | <u>20,295</u>     |
|   | <u>\$ 25,807</u>  | <u>\$ 23,977</u>  |

f. Employee benefits expense

**For the Year Ended December 31**  
**2023**                      **2022**

|                                    |               |               |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Post-employment benefits (Note 22) |               |               |
| Defined contribution plans         | \$ 12,347     | \$ 12,882     |
| Defined benefit plans              | <u>(58)</u>   | <u>6</u>      |
|                                    | <u>12,289</u> | <u>12,888</u> |
| Share-based payments (Note 28)     |               |               |
| Equity-settled                     | <u>7,542</u>  | <u>12,138</u> |
|                                    |               | (Continued)   |

|  | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                         |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>             |
| Other employee benefits                                  |                                       |                         |
| Salaries expense   | \$ 984,144                            | \$ 1,132,475            |
| Labor/health insurance expense                           | 129,814                               | 150,032                 |
| Compensation of directors                                | 23,614                                | 23,536                  |
| Other personnel expenses                                 | <u>76,642</u>                         | <u>86,814</u>           |
|  | <u>1,214,214</u>                      | <u>1,392,857</u>        |
| <br>Total employee benefits expense                      | <br><u>\$ 1,234,045</u>               | <br><u>\$ 1,417,883</u> |
| <br>An analysis of employee benefits expense by function |                                       |                         |
| Operating costs  | \$ 803,121                            | \$ 971,101              |
| Operating expense  | 425,924                               | 446,782                 |
| Non-operating income and expense                         | <u>5,000</u>                          | <u>-</u>                |
|  | <u>\$ 1,234,045</u>                   | <u>\$ 1,417,883</u>     |

(Concluded)

g. Compensation of employees and directors

According to the Company's Articles, the Company shall appropriate compensation of employees and compensation of directors at rates of no less than 2% and no higher than 3%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, compensation of employees, and directors. The compensation of employees and directors for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, which were approved by the Company's board of directors on March 5, 2024 and March 7, 2023, respectively, are as follows:

|                           | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                  |                             |                  |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
|                           | <b>2023</b>                           |                  | <b>2022</b>                 |                  |
|                           | <b>Appropriate<br/>Rate</b>           | <b>Amount</b>    | <b>Appropriate<br/>Rate</b> | <b>Amount</b>    |
| Compensation of employees | 6.620%                                | <u>\$ 70,020</u> | 6.603%                      | <u>\$ 71,000</u> |
| Compensation of directors | 1.135%                                | <u>\$ 12,000</u> | 1.116%                      | <u>\$ 12,000</u> |

If there is a change in the amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded in the next fiscal year as a change in the accounting estimate. If the board of directors resolves to distribute compensation of employees by shares, the number of shares of the compensation of employees is determined by dividing the amount of the compensation of employees by the closing price per share on the day immediately preceding the meeting of the Company's board of directors.

There is no difference between the amounts of compensation of employees and directors resolved by board of directors to pay and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Information on the compensation of employees and directors resolved by the Company's board of directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

## 26. INCOME TAXES

### a. Income tax recognized in profit or loss

Major components of income tax expense are as follows:

|  | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                   |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
|  | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>       |
| Current tax  |                                       |                   |
| In respect of the current year                                       | \$ 172,508                            | \$ 242,832        |
| Subsidiary repatriation of profits                                   | 242,819                               | -                 |
| Income tax on unappropriated earnings                                | 3,194                                 | 32,003            |
| Adjustments for prior years  | <u>(18,605)</u>                       | <u>(30,752)</u>   |
|  | <u>399,916</u>                        | <u>244,083</u>    |
| Deferred tax   |                                       |                   |
| In respect of the current year                                       | 129,874                               | 93,309            |
| Impact on deferred income tax for subsidiary repatriation of profits | (242,819)                             | -                 |
| Adjustments for prior years  | <u>1,987</u>                          | <u>5,650</u>      |
|  | <u>(110,958)</u>                      | <u>98,959</u>     |
| Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss                      | <u>\$ 288,958</u>                     | <u>\$ 343,042</u> |

A reconciliation of accounting profit and income tax expense is as follows:

|   | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                     |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------|
|   | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>         |
| Profit before tax   | <u>\$ 1,076,898</u>                   | <u>\$ 1,140,458</u> |
| Income tax expense calculated at the statutory rate         | \$ 313,449                            | \$ 392,244          |
| Revenue excluded from taxable income                        | (14,705)                              | (64,069)            |
| Additional income tax under the Alternative Minimum Tax Act | 3,638                                 | 7,966               |
| Income tax on unappropriated earnings                       | 3,194                                 | 32,003              |
| Adjustments for prior years' tax                            | <u>(16,618)</u>                       | <u>(25,102)</u>     |
| Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss             | <u>\$ 288,958</u>                     | <u>\$ 343,042</u>   |

The income tax rate of companies in the ROC according to the Income Tax Act is 20%; the income tax rate applicable to its subsidiaries in China is 25%; the taxes incurred in other regions are calculated based on the tax rate of corresponding region.

Since the resolution of the appropriation of earnings in the shareholders' meeting in 2024 is still uncertain, the potential income tax consequences of 5% income tax on the unappropriated earnings for 2023 cannot be determined reliably.

### b. Income tax expense (benefit) recognized in other comprehensive income

|   | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                  |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------|
|   | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>      |
| <u>Deferred tax</u>   |                                       |                  |
| Translation of the financial statements of foreign operations | <u>\$ (26,004)</u>                    | <u>\$ 62,902</u> |

c. Current tax liabilities

|                    | <b>December 31</b> |                   |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
|                    | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b>       |
| Income tax payable | <u>\$ 238,181</u>  | <u>\$ 203,951</u> |

d. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movements of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities were as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2023

| <b>Deferred Tax Assets</b>  | <b>Opening Balance</b> | <b>Recognized in Profit or Loss</b> | <b>Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income</b> | <b>Exchange Differences</b> | <b>Closing Balance</b> |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Inventory write-downs   | \$ 101,524             | \$ (33,209)                         | \$ -  | \$ (802)                    | \$ 67,513              |
| Refund liabilities  | 21,317                 | (8,051)                             | -   | -                           | 13,266                 |
| Provisions  | 12,979                 | (1,058)                             | -   | -                           | 11,921                 |
| Payables for annual leave   | 4,498                  | (201)                               | -   | (33)                        | 4,264                  |
| Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations | 73,436                 | -                                   | 26,004  | -                           | 99,440                 |
| Unrealized exchange loss  | 4,500                  | (4,500)                             | -   | -                           | -                      |
| Book-tax differences from different depreciation method for fixed asset               | 2,111                  | (1,607)                             | -   | (4)                         | 500                    |
| Allowance for expected credit loss  | 12,892                 | (2,461)                             | -   | (141)                       | 10,290                 |
| Unrealized loss on financial liabilities  | -                      | 2,434                               | -   | -                           | 2,434                  |
| Others  | <u>18,549</u>          | <u>(1,835)</u>                      | <u>-</u>  | <u>(631)</u>                | <u>16,083</u>          |
|   | <u>\$ 251,806</u>      | <u>\$ (50,488)</u>                  | <u>\$ 26,004</u>                                | <u>\$ (1,611)</u>           | <u>\$ 225,711</u>      |
| <b>Deferred Tax Liabilities</b>   | <b>Opening Balance</b> | <b>Recognized in Profit or Loss</b> | <b>Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income</b> | <b>Exchange Differences</b> | <b>Closing Balance</b> |
| Share of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method                   | \$ 1,173,502           | \$ (164,626)                        | \$ -  | \$ -                        | \$ 1,008,876           |
| Unrealized exchange gain  | -                      | 2,781                               | -   | -                           | 2,781                  |
| Others  | <u>-</u>               | <u>399</u>                          | <u>-</u>  | <u>1</u>                    | <u>400</u>             |
|   | <u>\$ 1,173,502</u>    | <u>\$ (161,446)</u>                 | <u>\$ -</u>                                     | <u>\$ 1</u>                 | <u>\$ 1,012,057</u>    |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| <b>Deferred Tax Assets</b>  | <b>Opening<br/>Balance</b> | <b>Recognized in<br/>Profit or Loss</b> | <b>Recognized in<br/>Other<br/>Comprehensive<br/>Income</b> | <b>Exchange<br/>Differences</b> | <b>Closing Balance</b> |
|---|----------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| Inventory write-downs   | \$ 82,189                  | \$ 18,975                               | \$ -  | \$ 360                          | \$ 101,524             |
| Refund liabilities  | 22,880                     | (1,563)                                 | -   | -                               | 21,317                 |
| Provisions  | 14,425                     | (1,446)                                 | -   | -                               | 12,979                 |
| Payables for annual leave   | 4,654                      | (189)                                   | -   | 33                              | 4,498                  |
| Defined benefit obligations   | 2                          | (2)                                     | -   | -                               | -                      |
| Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations | 136,338                    | -                                       | (62,902)  | -                               | 73,436                 |
| Unrealized exchange loss  | -                          | 4,500                                   | -   | -                               | 4,500                  |
| Book-tax differences from different depreciation method for fixed asset               | 5,875                      | (3,879)                                 | -   | 115                             | 2,111                  |
| Allowance for expected credit loss  | 12,938                     | (251)                                   | -   | 205                             | 12,892                 |
| Others  | <u>26,151</u>              | <u>(8,017)</u>                          | <u>-</u>  | <u>415</u>                      | <u>18,549</u>          |
|   | <u>\$ 305,452</u>          | <u>\$ 8,128</u>                         | <u>\$ (62,902)</u>  | <u>\$ 1,128</u>                 | <u>\$ 251,806</u>      |

  

| <b>Deferred Tax Liabilities</b>                                     | <b>Opening<br/>Balance</b> | <b>Recognized in<br/>Profit or Loss</b> | <b>Recognized in<br/>Other<br/>Comprehensive<br/>Income</b> | <b>Exchange<br/>Differences</b> | <b>Closing Balance</b> |
|---|----------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| Share of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method | \$ 1,055,921               | \$ 117,581                              | \$ -  | \$ -                            | \$ 1,173,502           |
| Unrealized exchange gain  | <u>10,494</u>              | <u>(10,494)</u>                         | <u>-</u>  | <u>-</u>                        | <u>-</u>               |
|   | <u>\$ 1,066,415</u>        | <u>\$ 107,087</u>                       | <u>\$ -</u>   | <u>\$ -</u>                     | <u>\$ 1,173,502</u>    |

e. Income tax assessments

The income tax returns of the Company and its subsidiary Dynapack Investment Corporation through 2021 have been assessed by the tax authorities.

**27. EARNINGS PER SHARE**

**Unit: NT\$ Per Share**

|                            | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|
|                            | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>    |
| Basic earnings per share   | <u>\$ 5.23</u>                        | <u>\$ 5.33</u> |
| Diluted earnings per share | <u>\$ 5.18</u>                        | <u>\$ 5.26</u> |

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used in the computation of earnings per share were as follows:

Net profit for the year

|  | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                   |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
|  | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>       |
| Earnings used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share | <u>\$ 787,940</u>                     | <u>\$ 797,416</u> |

Shares

|  | <b>Unit: Shares (In Thousands)</b>    |                |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------------|
|  | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                |
|  | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>    |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the computation of basic earnings per share   | 150,537                               | 149,623        |
| Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares:  |                                       |                |
| Employee share options   | 692                                   | 788            |
| Compensation of employees  | <u>936</u>                            | <u>1,106</u>   |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the computation of diluted earnings per share | <u>152,165</u>                        | <u>151,517</u> |

The Group may settle the compensation of employees in cash or shares; therefore, the Group assumes that the entire amount of the compensation will be settled in shares, and the resulting potential shares will be included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, as the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of shares to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

## **28. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS**

### **Employee Share Option Plan**

Qualified employees of the Company, controlling company and its subsidiaries were granted 1,076 options on September 17, 2021 and 5,000 options on November 12, 2019. Each option entitles the holder with the right to subscribe for one thousand ordinary shares of the Company. The options granted are valid for 5 years and exercisable at certain percentages after the second anniversary from the grant date. The options were granted at an exercise price equal to the closing price of the Company's ordinary shares listed on the Taipei Exchange on the grant date. For any subsequent changes in the Company's capital or cash dividend distribution, the exercise price is adjusted accordingly.

Information on issued employee share options was as follows:

|                                      | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b>           |  |   |  |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|---|--|
|                                      | <b>2023</b>                                     |  | <b>2022</b>                                     |  |
|                                      | <b>Number of<br/>Options (In<br/>Thousands)</b> | <b>Weighted-<br/>average<br/>Exercise<br/>Price<br/>(\$)</b> | <b>Number of<br/>Options (In<br/>Thousands)</b> | <b>Weighted-<br/>average<br/>Exercise<br/>Price<br/>(\$)</b> |
| Balance at January 1                 | 3,054   | \$ 60.6  | 4,076   | \$ 66.1  |
| Options forfeited                    | (184)   | 59.4   | (85)  | 49.5   |
| Options exercised                    | <u>(1,017)</u>                                  | 49.6   | <u>(937)</u>                                    | 51.8   |
| Balance at December 31               | <u>1,853</u>                                    | 60.0   | <u>3,054</u>                                    | 60.6   |
| Options exercisable, end of the year | <u>1,362</u>                                    | 54.1   | <u>862</u>                                      | 48.6   |

The weighted-average share price on the exercise date of the share options for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$81.82 and \$88.57, respectively.

Information on outstanding options was as follows:

|  | <b>December 31</b> |                 |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|
|  | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b>     |
| Exercise price (\$)                                    | \$44.9, \$76.5     | \$48.6, \$82.7  |
| Weighted-average remaining contractual life (in years) | 0.87-2.71 years    | 1.87-3.71 years |

Due to the Company's dividend exclusion, the exercise price of the employee share options granted on September 17, 2021 and November 12, 2019 were adjusted to \$76.5 and \$44.9, respectively, from the ex-dividend dates, April 7, 2023.

Options granted in September 2021 and November 2019 was priced using the Black-Scholes-Merton pricing model, and the inputs to the model are as follows:

|   | <b>September 2021</b> | <b>November 2019</b> |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Grant-date share price                              | \$95.0                | \$63.2               |
| Grant-date exercise price                           | \$95.0                | \$63.2               |
| Expected volatility                                 | 27.33%-28.59%         | 22.89%-24.09%        |
| Expected life (in years)                            | 5                     | 5                    |
| Expected dividend yield                             | -                     | -                    |
| Risk-free interest rate                             | 0.28%-0.29%           | 0.57%-0.58%          |
| Weighted-average fair value of options granted (\$) | \$20.77               | \$12.02              |

Expected volatility is based on the historical share price volatility over the past 5 years. The historical share price is the average value of the annualized standard deviation of the daily return rate of the Company, which is a hypothetical value.

Compensation costs recognized for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$7,542 thousand and \$12,138 thousand, respectively.



## 29. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

Key management personnel of the Group review the capital structure periodically. As part of this review, the key management personnel consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the key management personnel, in order to balance the overall capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, the number of new shares issued or repurchased, and the amount of new debt issued or existing debt redeemed.

## 30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### a. Fair value of financial instruments not measured at fair value

The management believes that all the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value recognized in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values or their fair value cannot be reliably measured.

### b. Fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis

#### 1) Fair value hierarchy

December 31, 2023

|                                | Level 1           | Level 2          | Level 3     | Total             |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Financial assets at FVTPL      |                   |                  |             |                   |
| Domestic listed shares         | \$ 224,525        | \$ -             | \$ -        | \$ 224,525        |
| Foreign listed shares          | <u>47,046</u>     | <u>-</u>         | <u>-</u>    | <u>47,046</u>     |
|                                | <u>\$ 271,571</u> | <u>\$ -</u>      | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 271,571</u> |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL |                   |                  |             |                   |
| Derivatives                    | <u>\$ -</u>       | <u>\$ 12,172</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 12,172</u>  |

December 31, 2022

|                                    | Level 1           | Level 2     | Level 3          | Total             |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Financial assets at FVTPL          |                   |             |                  |                   |
| Domestic listed shares             | \$ 59,346         | \$ -        | \$ -             | \$ 59,346         |
| Domestic unlisted shares           | 295,492           | -           | -                | 295,492           |
| Foreign listed shares              | 109,836           | -           | -                | 109,836           |
| Foreign unlisted convertible bonds | <u>-</u>          | <u>-</u>    | <u>15,372</u>    | <u>15,372</u>     |
|                                    | <u>\$ 464,674</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 15,372</u> | <u>\$ 480,046</u> |

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 for the years ended December 31 2023 and 2022.

2) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 2 fair value measurement

| <u>Financial Instrument</u>                 | <u>Valuation Technique and Inputs</u>  |
|---|--|
| Derivatives - cross-currency swap contracts | The Company adopts the discounted cash flow method to evaluate the information provided by the counterparty bank, which estimates future cash flows based on observable exchange rates at the end of the year and contract exchange/interest rates and discounts separately at discount rates that reflect the credit risk of each counterparty. |

3) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments

For the year ended December 31, 2023

| <b>Financial Assets</b>   | <b>Financial Assets<br/>at FVTPL<br/>Equity<br/>Instruments</b> |
|---|---|
| Balance at January 1  | \$ 15,372   |
| Recognized in profit and loss “net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss” | 2,908   |
| Disposals   | (18,220)  |
| Effect of foreign currency exchange differences   | <u>(60)</u>   |
| Balance at December 31  | <u>\$ -</u>   |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| <b>Financial Assets</b>   | <b>Financial Assets<br/>at FVTPL<br/>Equity<br/>Instruments</b> |
|---|---|
| Balance at January 1  | \$ 122,286  |
| Recognized in profit and loss “net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss” | 1,522   |
| Transfers out of Level 3  | <u>(108,436)</u>  |
| Balance at December 31  | <u>\$ 15,372</u>  |

4) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 3 fair value measurement

The Group’s evaluation process for the fair value of financial instruments classified as Level 3 is based on independent data to conduct independent fair value verification and regular reviews to ensure that the evaluation results are reasonable.

c. Categories of financial instruments

|   | <b>December 31</b> |             |
|---|--------------------|-------------|
|   | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b> |
| <u>Financial assets</u>                     |                    |             |
| FVTPL                                       |                    |             |
| Mandatorily classified as at FVTPL          | \$ 271,571         | \$ 480,046  |
| Financial assets at amortized cost (1)      | 9,035,117          | 9,168,722   |
| <u>Financial liabilities</u>                |                    |             |
| FVTPL                                       |                    |             |
| Mandatorily classified as at FVTPL          | 12,172             | -           |
| Financial liabilities at amortized cost (2) | 6,071,598          | 6,917,163   |

- 1) The balances include cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortized cost - current, trade receivables from unrelated parties, other receivables, and refundable deposits.
- 2) The balances include short-term borrowings, trade payables from unrelated parties, other payables, long-term borrowings (including current portion of long-term borrowings), guarantee deposits received and other non-current liabilities.

d. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The risk control and hedge strategies of the Group are affected by the operating environment. However, the Group has incorporated various risks into management in accordance with the nature of the business and the principle of risk diversification, and set risk management procedures, evaluation methods, and management indicators to control and manage risks effectively.

1) Market risk

The Group's activities exposed it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates (see (a) below), interest rates (see (b) below) and price (see (c) below).

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks were managed and measured.

a) Foreign currency risk

The foreign currency-denominated monetary financial assets and liabilities held by the Group are subject to the risk of exchange rate changes. The Group has established relevant control to monitor the positions held and the fluctuations of the market exchange rate at any time, and applied the derivatives of cross-currency swap contracts to reduce the exchange rate risk.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency-denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are set out in Note 33.

Sensitivity analysis

Foreign currencies other than functional currencies of the entities in the Group is mainly exposed to the U.S. dollar.

The Group's sensitivity analysis mainly focuses on changes in the exchange rates of relevant foreign currencies to the functional currencies of the entities in the Group at the end of the reporting period. If the functional currency of the entities in the Group had a 1% increase and decrease of the New Taiwan dollar against the U.S. dollars, the Group's post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have increased/decreased by \$15,497 thousand and \$17,830 thousand, respectively. If the functional currency of the entities in the Group had a 1% increase and decrease of the RMB against the U.S. dollars, the Group's post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have decreased/increased by \$34,125 thousand and \$33,619 thousand, respectively.

b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk of changes in the value of financial instruments caused by changes in market interest rates. The Group closely monitors the fluctuations of market interest rates to manage interest rate risk.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

|                               | <b>December 31</b> |              |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|
|                               | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b>  |
| Fair value interest rate risk |                    |              |
| Financial assets              | \$ 3,345,173       | \$ 2,584,072 |
| Financial liabilities         | 616,303            | 993,298      |
| Cash flow interest rate risk  |                    |              |
| Financial assets              | 1,431,578          | 1,414,825    |
| Financial liabilities         | 1,075,789          | 1,664,317    |

Sensitivity analysis

The fixed interest rate financial assets and financial liabilities held by the Group are measured at amortized cost; therefore, they are not included in the analysis; the sensitivity analysis of interest rate risk is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities with floating interest rates at the end of the reporting period. If interest rates had increased/decreased by 1%, the Group's post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have increased/decreased by \$2,858 thousand and decreased/increased by \$1,871 thousand, respectively.

c) Other price risk

The Group was exposed to equity price risk through its investments in equity securities and convertible bonds. The Group manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risks.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis of investment in equity securities and convertible bonds was determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the year. If the prices of equity securities and convertible bonds had increased/decreased by 1%, the Group's post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have increased/decreased by \$2,716 thousand and \$4,800 thousand, respectively, due to changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVTPL.

## 2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The credit risk of the Group mainly comes from the receivables from operating activities, fixed income investments from investment activities and other financial instruments. Operation-related credit risks and financial credit risks are managed separately.

### Operation-related credit risk

In order to maintain the quality of trade receivables, the Group has established management procedures for operation-related credit risks.

To mitigate the risk of financial loss from defaults, the Group has adopted a policy to assess individual customers and takes into account factors that may affect the customers' ability to pay, including the customers' financial position, ratings by credit rating agencies, internal credit ratings of the Group, historical transaction records, and current economic condition. The Group also uses some credit enhancement tools at appropriate times, such as requesting customers to pay for goods in advance and provide credit insurance, to reduce the credit risk of specific customers.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the balance of trade receivables of the top five customers accounted for more than 85% of the balance of trade receivables of the Group. Since the top five customers are all creditworthy manufacturers, the credit risk is limited. After the Group considered the specific factors and performed the risk assessment, the Group did not have significant credit risk exposure to customers.

### Financial credit risk

The credit risks of bank deposits, fixed income investments and other financial instruments are measured and monitored by the management of the Group. Since the counterparties of the Group are creditworthy banks and financial institutions with investment grade, corporate organizations and government agencies or above without major performance concerns, there is no significant credit risk.

## 3) Liquidity risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the utilization of credit line of bank loan and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group's working capital and credit line of bank loan are deemed adequate to finance its operations; therefore, there is no liquidity risk of inability to fulfill contractual obligations.

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturities for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables had been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of the financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Group may be required to pay the principal.

The Group may be required to immediately pay the principal amount within the earliest period, regardless of the probability of exercising immediate enforcement rights by the bank.

December 31, 2023

|   | <b>On Demand or<br/>Less than<br/>1 Year</b> | <b>1-5 Years</b>    | <b>5+ Years</b>  | <b>Total</b>            |
|---|--|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| <u>Non-derivative<br/>financial liabilities</u> |  |                     |                  |                         |
| Non-interest bearing<br>Lease liabilities       | \$ 4,172,242<br>51,940                       | \$ -<br>143,377     | \$ -<br>28,760   | \$ 4,172,242<br>224,077 |
| Floating interest rate<br>liabilities           | 107,158                                      | 968,631             | -                | 1,075,789               |
| Fixed interest rate liabilities                 | <u>400,000</u>                               | <u>-</u>            | <u>-</u>         | <u>400,000</u>          |
|   | <u>\$ 4,731,340</u>                          | <u>\$ 1,112,008</u> | <u>\$ 28,760</u> | <u>\$ 5,872,108</u>     |

December 31, 2022

|   | <b>On Demand or<br/>Less than<br/>1 Year</b> | <b>1-5 Years</b>    | <b>5+ Years</b>  | <b>Total</b>            |
|---|--|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| <u>Non-derivative<br/>financial liabilities</u> |  |                     |                  |                         |
| Non-interest bearing<br>Lease liabilities       | \$ 4,062,087<br>43,740                       | \$ -<br>159,757     | \$ -<br>43,048   | \$ 4,062,087<br>246,545 |
| Floating interest rate<br>liabilities           | 588,528                                      | 1,075,789           | -                | 1,664,317               |
| Fixed interest rate liabilities                 | <u>750,000</u>                               | <u>-</u>            | <u>-</u>         | <u>750,000</u>          |
|   | <u>\$ 5,444,355</u>                          | <u>\$ 1,235,546</u> | <u>\$ 43,048</u> | <u>\$ 6,722,949</u>     |

### 31. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

#### Remuneration of Key Management Personnel

The remuneration of directors and key executives is as follows:

|                         | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                  |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
|                         | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>      |
| Short-term benefit      | \$ 64,979                             | \$ 62,414        |
| Post-employment benefit | 704                                   | 648              |
| Other long-term benefit | 5                                     | 17               |
| Share-based payments    | <u>868</u>                            | <u>1,595</u>     |
|                         | <u>\$ 66,556</u>                      | <u>\$ 64,674</u> |

The remuneration of directors and key executives, as determined by the remuneration committee and the board of directors, is based on the overall performance of the Company and individuals and market trends.

### 32. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL OR FOR SECURITY

The following assets were provided as tax payment account and customs deposit for outbound processing of bonded materials and imported raw materials:

| <b>Asset</b>            | <b>Description</b>                      | <b>December 31</b> |               |
|-------------------------|---|--------------------|---------------|
|                         |   | <b>2023</b>        | <b>2022</b>   |
| Restricted asset - cash | Tax payment account and customs deposit | <u>\$ 372</u>      | <u>\$ 286</u> |

### 33. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The Group's significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies aggregated by the foreign currencies other than functional currencies of the entities in the Group and the related exchange rates between the foreign currencies and the respective functional currencies were as follows:

December 31, 2023

|   | <b>Foreign<br/>Currency<br/>(In thousands)</b> | <b>Exchange Rate</b> | <b>Carrying<br/>Amount<br/>(In thousands)</b> |
|---|--|----------------------|---|
| <u>Assets denominated in foreign currencies</u> |  |                      |   |
| Monetary items                                  |  |                      |   |
| USD   | \$ 312,897                                     | 30.714 (USD:NTD)     | \$ 9,610,328                                  |
| USD   | 260,796  | 7.0827 (USD:RMB)     | 8,010,076                                     |
| USD   | 2,525  | 24,250 (USD:VND)     | <u>77,546</u>                                 |
|   |  |                      | <u>\$ 17,697,950</u>                          |

(Continued)

|  | <b>Foreign<br/>Currency<br/>(In thousands)</b> | <b>Exchange Rate</b> | <b>Carrying<br/>Amount<br/>(In thousands)</b> |
|--|--|----------------------|---|
| <u>Liabilities denominated in foreign currencies</u> |  |                      |   |
| Monetary items                                       |  |                      |   |
| USD  | \$ 375,970                                     | 30.714 (USD:NTD)     | \$ 11,547,543                                 |
| USD  | 112,653  | 7.0827 (USD:RMB)     | <u>3,460,038</u>                              |
|  |  |                      | <u>\$ 15,007,581</u><br>(Concluded)           |

December 31, 2022

|   | <b>Foreign<br/>Currency<br/>(In thousands)</b> | <b>Exchange Rate</b> | <b>Carrying<br/>Amount<br/>(In thousands)</b> |
|---|--|----------------------|---|
| <u>Assets denominated in foreign currencies</u> |  |                      |   |
| Monetary items                                  |  |                      |   |
| USD   | \$ 286,708                                     | 30.728 (USD:NTD)     | \$ 8,809,976                                  |
| USD   | 246,523  | 6.9646 (USD:RMB)     | <u>7,575,146</u>                              |
|   |  |                      | <u>\$ 16,385,122</u>                          |

Liabilities denominated in foreign currencies

|                |         |                  |                      |
|----------------|---------|------------------|----------------------|
| Monetary items |         |                  |                      |
| USD            | 359,239 | 30.728 (USD:NTD) | \$ 11,038,687        |
| USD            | 100,645 | 6.9646 (USD:RMB) | <u>3,092,605</u>     |
|                |         |                  | <u>\$ 14,131,292</u> |

The significant realized and unrealized foreign exchange gains (losses) were as follows:

| <b>Foreign Currency (In Thousands)</b> | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                  |
|--|---------------------------------------|------------------|
|  | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>      |
| USD                                    | \$ 116,144                            | \$ 34,671        |
| RMB                                    | 29,050                                | 21,050           |
| Others (EUR)                           | <u>(183)</u>                          | <u>126</u>       |
|  | <u>\$ 145,011</u>                     | <u>\$ 55,847</u> |

### 34. SEPARATELY DISCLOSED ITEMS

a. Information about significant transactions and b. information on investees:

- 1) Financing provided to others (None)
- 2) Endorsements/guarantees provided (None)



- 3) Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries and associates) (Table 1)
  - 4) Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (None)
  - 5) Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (None)
  - 6) Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (None)
  - 7) Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (Table 2)
  - 8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (Table 3)
  - 9) Trading in derivative instruments (Note 7)
  - 10) Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions (Table 4)
  - 11) Information on investees (Table 5)
- c. Information on investments in mainland China
- 1) Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, net profit and loss for the year, net income of investees, investment income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the year, repatriations of investment income, and limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area. (Table 6)
  - 2) Any of the following significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third party, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses:
    - a) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the year (Table 2)
    - b) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the year (Table 2)
    - c) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses (None)
    - d) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the year and the purposes (None)
    - e) The highest balance, the ending balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to the financing of funds (None)
    - f) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the year or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receipt of services (None)
- d. Information of major shareholders: List all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholder, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder (None)

### 35. SEGMENT INFORMATION

a. Operating segment information

The chief operating decision maker allocates resources and evaluates performance by using the financial information of the Group based on IFRS 8 Operating Segments. The Group manages organization and allocates resources with single operating segment, and the sales revenue of operating activity accounts for more than 90% of the Group's total revenue.

b. Revenue from major products and services

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue from its major products and services.

|                           | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                      |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
|                           | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>          |
| Lithium-ion battery packs | \$ 17,201,395                         | \$ 19,046,904        |
| Others                    | <u>29,033</u>                         | <u>25,123</u>        |
|                           | <u>\$ 17,230,428</u>                  | <u>\$ 19,072,027</u> |

c. Geographical information

The Group's revenue from external customers' order by location and information about its non-current assets by location of assets are detailed below.

|           | <b>Revenue from External</b>          |                      | <b>Non-current Assets</b> |                     |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
|           | <b>Customers</b>                      |                      | <b>December 31</b>        |                     |
|           | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                      | <b>December 31</b>        |                     |
|           | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>          | <b>2023</b>               | <b>2022</b>         |
| America   | \$ 10,889,244                         | \$ 12,392,934        | \$ -                      | \$ -                |
| Singapore | 17,821                                | 1,693                | -                         | -                   |
| China     | 1,027,443                             | 2,057,436            | 1,319,353                 | 1,515,286           |
| Taiwan    | 4,525,378                             | 4,430,364            | 3,666,443                 | 3,416,355           |
| Others    | <u>770,542</u>                        | <u>189,600</u>       | <u>121,127</u>            | <u>-</u>            |
|           | <u>\$ 17,230,428</u>                  | <u>\$ 19,072,027</u> | <u>\$ 5,106,923</u>       | <u>\$ 4,931,641</u> |

Non-current assets excluded financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

d. Information about major customers

Single customers that contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue were as follows:

|            | <b>For the Year Ended December 31</b> |                      |
|------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
|            | <b>2023</b>                           | <b>2022</b>          |
| Customer A | \$ 6,779,134                          | \$ 7,169,902         |
| Customer B | 4,097,818                             | 5,121,347            |
| Customer C | <u>3,067,153</u>                      | <u>2,621,710</u>     |
|            | <u>\$ 13,944,105</u>                  | <u>\$ 14,912,959</u> |

**DYNAPACK INTERNATIONAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD**

**DECEMBER 31, 2023**

**(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)**

| Holding Company Name                       | Type and Name of Marketable Securities                  | Relationship with the Holding Company | Financial Statement Account                                     | December 31, 2023               |                 |                         |            | Note |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------------|------|
|  |   |                                       |   | Number of Shares (In Thousands) | Carrying Amount | Percentage of Ownership | Fair Value |      |
| Dynapack Technologies (Cayman) Corporation | Silicon Motion Technology Corporation - ordinary shares | None                                  | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 25                              | \$ 47,046       | 0.07                    | \$ 47,046  | -    |
|  | Zentera Systems, Inc. A-1 - preference shares           | None                                  | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 662                             | -               | 4.07                    | -          | -    |
|  | Zentera Systems, Inc. A-2 - preference shares           | None                                  | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 368                             | -               | 2.26                    | -          | -    |
| Dynapack Investment Corporation            | Taiwan Fertilizer Co., Ltd. - ordinary shares           | None                                  | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 432                             | 29,203          | 0.04                    | 29,203     | -    |
|  | Gotech Energy Co., Ltd. - ordinary shares               | None                                  | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 750                             | -               | 4.92                    | -          | -    |
|  | Vactronics technologies Inc. - ordinary shares          | None                                  | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 1,613                           | 101,616         | 2.27                    | 101,616    | -    |
|  | Chun Yuan Industry Co., Ltd. - ordinary shares          | None                                  | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 5,011                           | 93,706          | 0.77                    | 93,706     | -    |

Note: The marketable securities were not pledged.

**DYNAPACK INTERNATIONAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023  
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

| Buyer/Seller                                  | Related Party                                 | Relationship                  | Transaction Details |              |            |               | Abnormal Transaction |               | Notes/Accounts Receivable (Payable) |            | Note   |
|---|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------|--------|
|   |   |                               | Purchase/Sale       | Amount       | % of Total | Payment Terms | Unit Price           | Payment Terms | Ending Balance                      | % of Total |        |
| Dynapack International Technology Corporation | Dynapack Technologies (Cayman) Corporation    | Subsidiary of the Company     | Purchase            | \$ 4,330,863 | 28         | Note 1        | None                 | None          | \$ (9,494,870)                      | 82         | Note 2 |
| Dynapack Technologies (Cayman) Corporation    | Dynapack International Technology Corporation | Parent company of the Company | Sale                | 4,330,863    | 100        | Note 1        | None                 | None          | 9,494,870                           | 79         | Note 2 |
|   | DynaPack (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.                   | Subsidiary of the Company     | Purchase            | 4,293,534    | 100        | Note 1        | None                 | None          | (7,892,629)                         | 69         | Note 2 |
| Dynapack (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.                   | Dynapack Technologies (Cayman) Corporation    | Parent company of the Company | Sale                | 4,293,534    | 99         | Note 1        | None                 | None          | 7,892,629                           | 99         | Note 2 |

Note 1: Open account 120 days, and the Company may make adjustments according to its working capital requirements.

Note 2: All intercompany transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

**DYNAPACK INTERNATIONAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL**

**DECEMBER 31, 2023**

**(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars or Foreign Currency, Unless Stated Otherwise)**

| Company Name                                  | Related Party                                 | Relationship       | Ending Balance | Turnover Rate | Overdue |               | Amounts Received in Subsequent Period (Note 1) | Allowance for Impairment Loss |
|---|---|--------------------|----------------|---------------|---------|---------------|--|-------------------------------|
|   |   |                    |                |               | Amount  | Actions Taken |  |                               |
| Dynapack International Technology Corporation | Dynapack Technologies (Cayman) Corporation    | Subsidiary company | \$ 2,692,642   | 6.94          | \$ -    | -             | US\$ 11,204                                    | \$ -                          |
| Dynapack Technologies (Cayman) Corporation    | Dynapack International Technology Corporation | Parent company     | 9,494,870      | 1.76          | -       | -             | US\$ 69,169                                    | -                             |
| Dynapack (Suchou) Co., Ltd.                   | Dynapack Technologies (Cayman) Corporation    | Parent company     | 7,892,629      | 2.13          | -       | -             | US\$ 69,139                                    | -                             |

Note 1: Subsequent period will be on February 28, 2024.

Note 2: All intercompany transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

**DYNAPACK INTERNATIONAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023  
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

| No.<br>(Note 1) | Company Name                                  | Counterparty   | Relationship<br>(Note 2) | Transactions Details            |                    |               | % of Total<br>Sales or Assets<br>(Note 3) |
|-----------------|---|--|--------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|---|
|                 |   |  |                          | Financial Statement<br>Accounts | Amount<br>(Note 5) | Payment Terms |   |
| 0               | Dynapack International Technology Corporation | Dynapack Technologies (Cayman) Corporation<br>Dynapack Technologies (Cayman) Corporation       | a                        | Trade receivables               | \$ 2,692,642       | Note 4        | 17  |
|                 |   |  | a                        | Sales revenue                   | 12,172             | -             | -   |
| 1               | Dynapack Technologies (Cayman) Corporation    | Dynapack International Technology Corporation<br>Dynapack International Technology Corporation | b                        | Trade receivables               | 9,494,870          | Note 4        | 58  |
|                 |   |  | b                        | Sales revenue                   | 4,330,863          | -             | 25  |
| 2               | Dynapack (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.                   | Dynapack Technologies (Cayman) Corporation<br>Dynapack Technologies (Cayman) Corporation       | b                        | Trade receivables               | 7,892,629          | Note 4        | 48  |
|                 |   |  | b                        | Sales revenue                   | 4,293,534          | -             | 25  |

Note 1: The information about the transactions between the Company and the subsidiaries are marked in the note column as follows:

- a. The Company: 0.
- b. The subsidiaries were marked in numerical order from 1.

Note 2: Investment types as follows:

- a. The Company to the subsidiaries.
- b. The subsidiaries to the Company.
- c. Between the subsidiaries.

Note 3: The ratio of transaction amounts to total sales revenue or assets is calculated as follows: (1) asset or liability: The ratio was calculated based on the ending balance over the total consolidated assets; (2) income or loss: The ratio was calculated based on the ending balance of the accumulated amounts over the total consolidated sales revenue.

Note 4: Open account 120 days, and the Company may make adjustments according to its working capital requirements.

Note 5: All intercompany transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

## DYNAPACK INTERNATIONAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

INFORMATION ON INVESTEEES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023  
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars or Foreign Currency, Unless Stated Otherwise)

| Investor Company                                 | Investee Company                                       | Location               | Main Businesses and Products                          | Original Investment Amount<br>(Note 1) |                               | As of December 31, 2023            |                  |                 | Net Income (Loss)<br>of the Investee<br>(Notes 2 and 3) | Share of<br>Profits (Loss)<br>(Notes 2 and 3) | Note  |
|--|--|------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|---|---|---|
|  |  |                        |   | December 31,<br>2023                   | December 31,<br>2022          | Number of Shares<br>(In Thousands) | %                | Carrying Amount |   |   |   |
| Dynapack International<br>Technology Corporation | Dynapack Technologies (Cayman) Corporation             | British Cayman Islands | Investment and selling lithium-ion battery packs      | \$ 2,298,472<br>(US\$ 74,186)          | \$ 2,298,472<br>(US\$ 74,186) | 74,186                             | 100.00           | \$ 8,472,516    | \$ 459,659<br>(US\$ 14,797)                             | \$ 457,792<br>(Note 4)                        | Subsidiary (Note 6)                               |
|  | Dynapack Investment Corporation                        | ROC                    | Investment  | 480,000                                | 480,000                       | 48,000                             | 100.00           | 496,677         | (13,950)  | (13,950)                                      | Subsidiary (Note 6)                               |
|  | Dynapack Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited          | Vietnam                | Manufacturing and selling various lithium-ion battery | 159,559<br>(US\$ 5,000)                | -                             | -                                  | 100.00           | 151,890         | (1,444)   | (1,444)                                       | Subsidiary (Note 6)                               |
|  | Dynapack Technology (Thailand) Co., Ltd                | Thailand               | Manufacturing and selling various lithium-ion battery | 40,421<br>(US\$ 1,250)                 | -                             | 17,499                             | 99.99            | 36,900          | (VND(1,102,638))<br>(3,780)                             | (VND(1,102,638))<br>(3,780)                   | Subsidiary (Note 6)                               |
|  | Chih Ho Shun Development Co., Ltd.                     | ROC                    | New towns, new community development                  | 15,000                                 | 15,000                        | 1,500                              | 30.00            | 11,799          | (THB (4,213))<br>(3,264)                                | (THB (4,213))<br>(980)                        | Investee accounted for using<br>the equity method |
| Dynapack Investment Corporation                  | Dynapack Technology (Thailand) Co., Ltd                | Thailand               | Manufacturing and selling various lithium-ion battery | -                                      | -                             | -                                  | 0.01<br>(Note 5) | -               | -   | -   | -   |
| Dynapack Technologies (Cayman)<br>Corporation    | Dynapack Technology (Hong Kong) Corporation<br>Limited | Hong Kong              | Investment  | 2,236,165<br>(US\$ 72,300)             | 2,236,165<br>(US\$ 72,300)    | 82,300                             | 100.00           | 6,653,784       | 384,283<br>(US\$ 12,391)                                | 384,283<br>(US\$ 12,391)                      | Subsidiary (Note 6)                               |

Note 1: The calculation was based on the original investment cost.

Note 2: The calculation was based on the average exchange rate for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Note 3: The basis for investment income (loss) recognition, except for Chih Ho Shun Development Co., Ltd., is the financial statements audited and attested by parent company's CPA in the ROC.

Note 4: The difference is the net written-off amount of \$1,868 thousand in upstream transactions.

Note 5: The number of shares held was 1.

Note 6: All intercompany transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

Note 7: For information on investee companies in mainland China, refer to Table 6.

## DYNAPACK INTERNATIONAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars or Foreign Currency, Unless Stated Otherwise)

| Investee Company            | Main Businesses and Products   | Paid-in Capital<br>(Note 1)               | Method of<br>Investment | Accumulated<br>Outward<br>Remittance for<br>Investment from<br>Taiwan as of<br>January 1, 2023<br>(Note 1) | Remittance of Funds (Note 1) |        | Accumulated<br>Outward<br>Remittance for<br>Investment from<br>Taiwan as of<br>December 31,<br>2023 (Note 1) | Net Income<br>(Loss) of the<br>Investee<br>(Notes 2 and 3) | % Ownership<br>of Direct or<br>Indirect<br>Investment | Investment<br>Gain (Loss)<br>(Notes 2 and 3) | Carrying<br>Amount as of<br>December 31,<br>2023 | Accumulated<br>Repatriation of<br>Investment<br>Income as of<br>December 31,<br>2023 |
|-----------------------------|--|---|-------------------------|--|------------------------------|--------|--|--|---|--|--|--|
|                             |  |   |                         |  | Outflow                      | Inflow |  |  |   |  |  |  |
| Dynapack (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. | Manufacturing and selling various lithium-ion battery packs, nickel-metal hydride battery packs, new electronic components, wireless communication modules, various chargers and technical development of power management systems, etc. | \$ 2,487,238<br>(US\$ 80,000)<br>(Note 4) | (Note 5)                | \$ 2,229,856<br>(US\$ 72,100)  | \$ -                         | \$ -   | \$ 2,229,856<br>(US\$ 72,100)  | \$ 384,025<br>(RMB 87,584)                                 | 100   | \$ 384,025<br>(RMB 87,584)                   | \$ 6,647,785                                     | \$ 1,214,095   |

| Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investments in Mainland China as of December 31, 2023 | Investment Amount Authorized by the Investment Commission, MOEA | Upper Limit on the Amount of Investments Stipulated by the Investment Commission, MOEA (Note 6) |
|--|---|---|
| \$2,229,856 (US\$72,100)   | \$2,229,856 (US\$72,100)  | \$5,038,346   |

Note 1: The calculation was based on the original investment cost.

Note 2: The calculation was based on the average exchange rate for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Note 3: The basis for investment income (loss) recognition is the financial statements audited and attested by parent company's CPA in the ROC.

Note 4: The paid-in capital includes the original outward remittance for investment from Taiwan of US\$72,100 thousand and the earnings transferred to ordinary shares of US\$7,900 thousand.

Note 5: The Company indirectly invested in mainland China through Dynapack Technology (Hong Kong) Corporation Limited by investing via a third region.

Note 6: According to the Ministry of Economic Affairs' approval Letter No. 09704604680, calculated based on 60% of the net value of the company as of December 31, 2023.

Note 7: All intercompany transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.